HE JERUSALEM
POST

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Egypt rail blast kills eight

CAIRO. — A bomb exploded yesterday in a passenger train as it was leaving the station in Alexandria, killing eight persons and injuring 50 others, police sources said.

It was not immediately known who was behind the incident, but the sources said "it could be another Libyan-backed sabotage operation inside Egypt." The train was bound for Aswan.

Last Sunday two bombs, planted by an Egyptian allegedly recruited by Libya, went off in a government office in Cairo, injuring 14 persons and damaging the building.

Later, people shouting anti-Libyan slogans marched to the Libyan Embassy in Cairo and the consulate in Alexandria but were barred by the police.

An official government statement on Friday said Egypt has reinforced military units along the desert border with Libya for the announced purpose of stopping infiltration. (AP)

No Turkish decision on airport killers

alem Post Diplomatic Correspondent

re were no indications in Jeru- yesterday that the Turkish ities have taken any decision ding the time and place of a for the two Palestinian ter- s who attacked El Al pass- s at Istanbul Airport last or have seriously studied the bility of handing them over other country.

r persons — two Israelis, one ican and one Japanese were and 21 wounded in the at- on Wednesday.

reported remark of the Turk- Interior Minister at a press rence that he would "prefer nd them over to another coun- ith which Turkey has extradi- greements" is seen in its con- of a reply to a journalist's on, and in any case cannot sessed until the full text of is ble. Jerusalem has asked Min- Shmuel Divon to obtain the but by yesterday evening it ot reached Jerusalem.

ervers here do not belittle the hat Libya, which mastermind- e crime, has given Turkey ble political support in inter- al forums particularly over yprus issue and that such g is still more valuable now, the Aegean Sea oil dispute en Turkey and Greece is g before the Security Council. is currently on the Council. fact that the aircraft bring- ack the injured on Friday delayed is attributed to the us procedures of the inquiry. urkish authorities are sticklers ureaucracy and are not in abit of cutting administrative s.

omment can be expected from lem in reaction to press spe- n about Ankara's expected n for the next few days. Is- Minister in Ankara, who has n Istanbul since the night of sault in contact with the city or, is expected to hold con- ions in Ankara at the poli- evel in the next day or two, rious implications of the as-

salem officials stressed their tisfaction at the attitude of the Turks at all levels and at their cooperation. The Turkish Charge d'Affaires in Israel was also extremely helpful in arranging permits for relatives to fly to Istanbul and other technicalities.

The coffins of the two dead Israelis will probably be flown back tomorrow.

AP reported from Istanbul:

Interior Minister Oguzhan Asiltürk, who came to Istanbul to inspect the scene of the attack, told newsmen on Friday the government would opt "for return" of the two terrorists if the necessary requirements were carried out. He added such a move would only be undertaken with a country which maintains "an accord of repatriation of criminals" with Turkey.

However, the minister would not comment on which countries would be willing to accept and prosecute the terrorists.

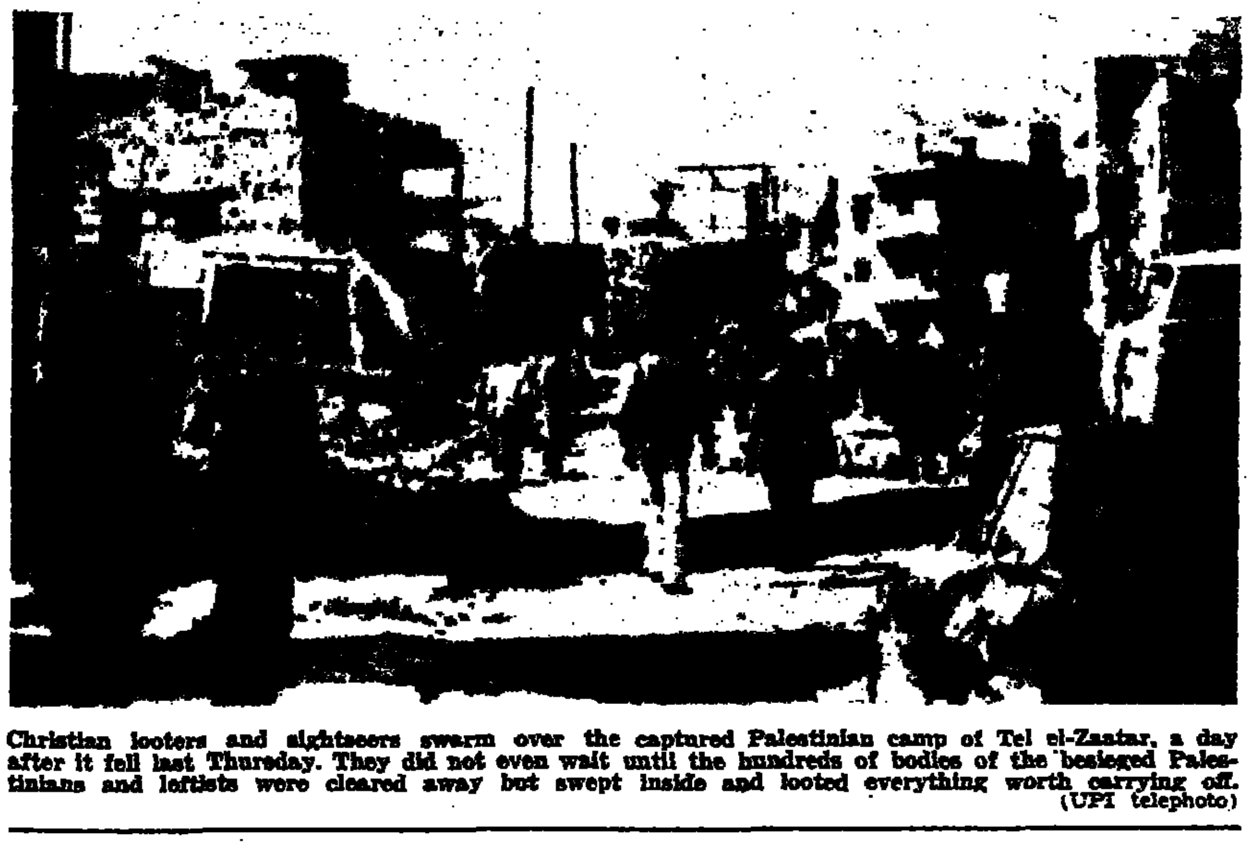
The Istanbul daily "Hurriyet" reported on Friday that the Israel Government has let Turkey know that it will not come forward with such an application.

(There was no comment on this report by the Foreign Ministry in Jerusalem. Israel and Turkey have no extradition agreement. But there have been precedents in international law for extraditions via a third party. Observers assume that at this early stage Israel would not want to be involved in the process of Turkish justice.)

The local prosecutor probing the armed assault on the El Al passengers said the two Palestinians will be tried under article 450 of the Turkish Criminal Code, which carries the death penalty for several of the offences committed by the terrorists. They were identified as Mohammed Rashid, and Mahdi Mohammed. Premeditated murder si punishable by death.

The two men were taken to the airport on Friday for a reconstruction of the attack to conform with the investigation and solve some of the unanswered aspects of the shooting. Later they were taken to a detention centre in Gayrettepe, in downtown Istanbul, escorted by sharpshooters and plainclothesmen.

(Related stories - Page 2)



Christian looters and sightseers swarm over the captured Palestinian camp of Tel el-Zaatar, a day after it fell last Thursday. They did not even wait until the hundreds of bodies of the besieged Palestinians and leftists were cleared away but swept inside and looted everything worth carrying off. (UPI telephoto)

AFTER FALL OF TEL EL-ZAATAR

Christian units pushing PLO, left to enclaves

By ANAN SAFADI
POST Middle East Affairs Correspondent

Their strength, morale and credibility boosted by the conquest of Tel el-Zaatar camp east of Beirut, Christian militias yesterday rolled on to broaden their hold on the Lebanese capital and the central mountain area. The Christian forces, which have been entrenched in the upper sectors of Beirut and the northern coastal area, sent spearheads into southern Beirut and the central mountains.

This was an apparent attempt to push the Palestinian Liberation Organization and its leftist allies into smaller enclaves centred in western Beirut and the southern coastal zone. The Christians were gradually linking up their forces with the Syrians, who earlier ousted the PLO-leftist forces from northern and eastern Lebanon.

The Christians' fresh military moves were aimed at establishing an all-Christian zone, thus affirming the de facto partition of Lebanon. The southern region of the country is claimed by all sides: the various Christian and Moslem sects, the dissident Lebanese Arab Army, and the PLO-leftist alliance.

The leader of Lebanon's largest Christian militia, Pierre Jemayyel of the Phalange party, said that the partition of Lebanon "has become a reality" as a result of Lebanon's civil war, now in its 17th month. Jemayyel suggested that the warring factions settle their dispute by establishing a federal state.

Jemayyel's remarks contrasted sharply with the position of the Syrians, conservative Moslems and most of the rest of the Christian diehards.

Another influential Christian leader, Camille Chamoun, whose militias led much of the recent Christian military activity, indicated that he would prefer to continue fighting until crushing the leftist camp.

"We have broken the back of the PLO," Chamoun declared after the fall of Tel el-Zaatar. This followed the Christians' victory in nearby Jisr-el-Basha and the Nabaa quarter of Beirut.

Christian militias over the weekend completed mopping up the entire vicinity of Tel el-Zaatar, and paraded through the streets of the camp, which had developed into a symbol for the PLO's claim for an independent presence in Lebanon.

Tim Pearce of Reuter reported that looters were dragging television sets, radios and furniture along the camp's streets, still littered with decomposing bodies. Many looters tied handkerchiefs over their faces to lessen the stench of the 2,000 bodies which lie in the camp — some half buried, some crushed to death in underground shelters, others rotting in the open where they fell.

The PLO said that it had sustained some 3,000 casualties in Tel el-Zaatar. Vows by the PLO to avenge its defeat at the camp and subsequent Christian pledges to wage new offensives triggered a massive flight of civilians, leading Syria to close its border with Lebanon. Syria's new Interior Minister, Brig.-Gen. Adnan Dabbagh, said that persons travelling between the two countries henceforth would be required to get laissez-passers in advance. Some observers thought this was aimed at preventing hostile PLO elements from infiltrating into Syria.

Egypt accused Syria over the

(Continued on page 2, col. 1)

S. Africa holds 50 black leaders after riots at Cape Town, Jo'burg

CAPE TOWN. — At least 50 leaders of black organizations have been arrested in a nationwide security police sweep following riots in black townships, the pro-government newspaper "Die Burger" reported yesterday. Security police chief General Mike Geldenhuys declined to confirm the figure but said there had been a number of arrests.

Meanwhile, black townships outside Cape Town, scene of two days of violence that have left at least 29 dead, were quiet yesterday.

But police were still on the alert. A tired-looking officer at a roadblock outside Nyanga township said: "Liquor is getting in. We are ready for any trouble later."

Brigadier Jan Visser, the Johannesburg police chief who has been flown to Cape Town to head a force of 130 riot police, said he believed his men had succeeded in quelling the disturbances.

"It is quiet now but of course I can't say if it will last. If there is more trouble you can be sure we will act strongly," he said.

Black leaders expressed grave concern yesterday over the police roundup.

Zulu Chief Minister Gatsha Buthelezi singled out the detention of Winnie Mandela, wife of black militant Nelson Mandela, who is serving a life sentence. He said: "The detention of Winnie Mandela, who reflects the image of her husband, for whom we have the highest regard, can only escalate our trouble."

Mrs. Mandela is an executive member of the Black Parents Association headed by the chief's cousin, Manas Buthelezi, who has been seeking a meeting with Police Minister James Kruger to discuss a memorandum of grievances drawn up by Soweto students. Kruger so far has refused to meet him.

In Cape Town, three black clergymen outlined a list of 10 major grievances. They claimed that solution of grievances could bring peace to the area.

The Rev. David Guma, the Rev. Patrick Metelengwe and the Rev. Moses Moletsane said the riots were an expression of black frustration. High on their list of grievances was the fact that Coloured (mixed race) people get preferential labour treatment. Most of South Africa's two million Coloureds live in the Western Cape area.

Guma said: "A sore point among Africans is defining areas as 'Coloured preferential labour areas.' There are many African nurses, for instance, who can't get jobs to suit their qualifications. Although they were born here, they have to go back to the homelands (African tribal reserves) to follow their careers, or, if they stay, they end up in kitchens as domestics."

The clergymen said Africans also wanted an end to the pass laws, home ownership rights and adequate housing, equal pay for equal work, a say in running the country and an end to the migrant labour system. There was also need for a change in the attitude of white Bantu (African) Administration Board officials, they said.

"The people are already saying we won't be consulted by the Bantu boards when they start deciding on their rebuilding plans," the Rev. Guma said. "The people are also saying that the first buildings they'll put up are their offices and bottle stores. We don't need liquor outlets, we want community facilities. The boards have their priorities all mixed up."

The head of the area Bantu Affairs Administration Board toured the riot-torn townships of Langa, Nyanga and Guguletu yesterday and estimated damage at 2m. rand ($2.3m.).

He said the destruction was not the work of school pupils and added: "African community leaders are disgusted by what they see here. They have asked to be allowed to patrol the streets with public address vehicles to appeal to the people to stop the violence and send their children to school. They have asked the board to stay out of this effort." (AP)

Three Gazans killed while crossing Lebanese border

By YORAM HAMIZRAHI
Jerusalem Post Reporter

SHTULA.—Three Gaza Strip residents were killed here on Friday while attempting to cross the northern border into Lebanon.

An IDF patrol, advancing along the northern frontier patrol road discovered a group of people trying to cross the border at about 6.50 on Friday evening. The soldiers ordered them to halt, and when they failed to do so, opened fire.

When the area was searched, three bodies were found. The dead men were identified as residents of Gaza.

The purpose of the attempted crossing is not clear, but this was not the first attempt made by Arabs from Israel or the administered areas to cross into Lebanon. The last time anyone was killed trying to cross the border was more than a year ago, and there have been no incidents along the northern frontier since last January—when four terrorists were killed in a clash with an IDF patrol near Moshav Margaliot.

Several arrests were made in the Gaza Strip following the incident on Friday and police and security forces are investigating whether the three dead men or anyone else in the Strip were members of a terrorist group.

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vineri: Gaddafi to blame

AVIV. — It is clearly evident Libyan President Muammar fi is responsible for the ter- act in Istanbul airport, Prof. o Avineri, director-general of oreign Ministry, said yesterday. a has become the centre of sm in the world today, not gainst Jews and Israel, but t other countries — including It is unfortunate the inter- al community is not suf- ly well organized against this: ld have denounced Libya as sible for killing innocents, said.

viewed on Israel Radio, he Turkey, and said quick by Istanbul police averted a greater tragedy. The Turkish authorities immediately began a thorough investigation and passed on full information to Israel's representatives.

The investigation, he said, showed the terrorists came from Libya — where they had received instructions to kill as many Israelis as they could. This attack, Prof. Avineri charged, was part of an unrestrained terrorist war which Libya helped the extremist Palestinians mount against Israelis, Jews everywhere, and anyone travelling to Israel.

Libya and its leaders should be expelled from all international bodies, he said.

(Sadat - Page 4)

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To the Editor of the

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Sir. — May I your paper. College the Israel interested me of of other that they may activities.

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K: Not mediating Greek-Turk row

YORK. — Secretary of State er met the foreign ministers ce and Turkey here yester- separate talks on their dis- er oil prospecting rights in ean Sea.

he denied that the United was acting as mediator.

a member of the Security Council and friend of both parties, we are trying to do our best to communicate the ideas of each party to the other to see how we can be helpful," he told a press conference after he had seen both men.

"We are not acting as mediators, but we are trying to play a useful role." (Reuter)

Israel to make new jet

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — Israel is accelerating the design of a new strike fighter plane to replace its existing fleet of Phantom fighters as a hedge against possible problems in obtaining the U.S.-made F-16, "Aviation Week and Space Technology" reports this week.

The magazine said that Israel currently has three fundamental alternatives in this replacement programme for the older planes: 1) buy the F-16 from the U.S. 2) build a new plane from scratch at Israel Aircraft Industries with the new design now being drafted — or 3) fill the requirement with a combination of F-16s and the IAI designed fighter.

"A combination of internal and external economic setbacks has forced Israel to seek alternatives to an all-F-16 buy," the respected journal said. "Even though the Israel Air Force has procurement priority, its budget is tight," it said.

"Externally," it continued, "Israel has received no encouragement that it will win coproduction work on the F-16 to offset procurement costs for what could

(Continued on page 3, col. 6)

Arabs reject PLO motion on Israel

COLOMBO.—Arab foreign ministers attending the fifth non-aligned summit conference have rejected a Palestine Liberation Organization proposal calling for the immediate expulsion of Israel from the UN, informed sources said yesterday.

Instead, the Arab ministers have adopted a compromise resolution linking possible loss of membership in the world body with Israel's record in implementing UN resolutions on the Middle East. The proposal will be offered to the full conference this week.

Faisal Ali Aweida, PLO director in India, told newsmen that the final Arab draft would follow the same basic wording in a resolution adopted at the last non-aligned foreign ministers meeting in Lima, Peru last August. It had requested non-aligned countries to take the "most adequate measures" to strengthen pressure on Israel in the UN. (AP)

U.S. Sec'y of Labour due to come here

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — U.S. Secretary of Labour William J. Usery will visit Israel from August 29 to September 2.

An American Embassy source here told *The Jerusalem Post* that the Secretary and four or five aides will come for what is "essentially a courtesy visit." He will reciprocate Labour Minister Moshe Baram's visit to Washington in the beginning of June.

But the director-general of the Ministry of Labour, Arye Gurel, and the Embassy source said they expected talks to centre on coordinating activities in the UN's International Labour Organization.

The U.S. which wants to stop Communist and Third World attacks in the ILO has threatened to leave the organization unless there is a substantial change in its policies. Israeli officials said that, mainly because of the American stand in the ILO convention in June, the sessions did not focus on Israel and the convention ended without condemning it.

Trudeau to visit here

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Canadian Prime Minister, Pierre Elliott Trudeau, will visit Israel privately with Mrs. Trudeau for two or three days at the end of this month or in the first week in September, it was learned in Jerusalem on Friday. Trudeau has not visited Israel previously.

He will meet with Prime Minister Rabin, Foreign Minister Allon and other Israel leaders, and will visit the Christian holy places.

epublican M-E plank is strongly pro-Israel

y WOLF BLITZER
usalem Post Correspondent

NGTON. — The Republican platform committee has a strong pro-Israel Middle ank, going beyond current tration policy to declare ace in the Middle East now face-to-face direct nego- between the parties with gnition of safe, secure, de- borders for Israel."

g in Kansas City on Fri- e drafting committee ap- a statement on the Middle hich said that the "basis" rica's policy toward that the world "must remain ecisive support for the secu- integrity of Israel."

The recommended draft, which was approved with little debate between the Ford and Reagan camps, will be submitted along with the rest of the platform to the full Republican national convention which opens in Kansas City tomorrow.

The appeal for direct negotiations was significant because the U.S. has supported a policy over the years of involving intermediaries in the search for a negotiated peace settlement. Israel has always called for direct negotiations, but the Arab states have rejected this approach.

In June, the Democratic Party adopted a platform also supporting "initiatives toward settlement, based on direct face-to-face negotiation between the parties and a full peace within secure and defensible boundaries."

Some pro-Arab officials in the State Department were not pleased by the strong endorsement for Israel adopted by the Republican drafting platform committee, apparently concerned that it could strain relations with the Arabs.

Compared with the Democratic plank, this proposed Republican statement is slightly shorter and does not refer to some of the issues included in New York last June. For example, there is no specific reference to Jerusalem; the Democrats called upon the U.S. to recognize Jerusalem as Israel's capital and to move the U.S. Embassy from Tel Aviv to Jerusalem. (Since then, Democratic nominee Jimmy Carter has said that he is studying that suggestion and has not yet made up his mind whether to support it.)

The recommended Republican draft says that America's "commitment to Israel is fundamental and enduring. We have honoured and will continue to honour that commitment in every way — politically, economically and by providing the military aid that Israel requires to remain strong enough to deter any potential aggression."

The draft made the specific point that "forty per cent of all U.S. aid and that Israel has received since its creation in 1948 has come in

(Continued on page 4, col. 6)

State Comptroller: Dan sewage plan a flop

By SARA HONIG
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The health and well being of a large part of the country's population are being endangered by the fact that, after 20 years of planning and enormous investments, the Tel Aviv area's sewage problems are as far as ever from being solved.

This is the State Comptroller's conclusion in his latest report on the Dan Region Sewage Union, covering its activities from 1968 to the end of 1975.

Failure of the unconventional treatment-plan adopted by the Union in 1966 means that over 80 per cent of the area's liquid sewage is being pumped straight into the sea, polluting the beaches. And the pipes carrying it out are in bad repair and could collapse, the Comptroller warns.

He calls on the Government to find the means to solve the problem now, and not to give in to complacency.

The Dan Region Sewage Union was set up 20 years ago to solve sewage disposal problems for Tel Aviv, Ramat Gan, Holon, Petah Tikva, Bat Yam, Bnei Brak and Givatayim. Later, Rishon Lezion and Rehovot were added. The area involved is said to have had a population of 1.1 million at the end of 1975, who produced 89 m. cubic metres of sewage.

Ten years ago an unconventional plan was approved under which the area's sewage would not be treated in conventional plants but would instead be channelled to lagoons to be built in the sand dunes near Rishon Lezion. There it would be oxygenated, which would purify it sufficiently to make it safe to allow it to seep into the soil, where it would be further purified.

The recycled water could then be pumped up again, and, experts said, would be potable and fit for all uses. Such a system has operated successfully in Australia, though on a smaller scale.

But things did not work out ac-

(Continued on page 2, col. 5)

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Nahariya	60	23—32	31
Safad	28	18—28	28
Tiberias	36	24—36	36
Nazareth	47	21—29	29
Afula	42	23—32	32
Shomron	47	19—27	28
Tel Aviv	72	23—29	29
B.G. Airport	51	23—31	31
Jericho	39	28—37	37
Gaza	72	23—30	30
Beersheba	36	22—32	32
Eilat	14	25—39	39
Tiran Straits	10	— 38	38

CHRISTIANS

(Continued from page one)

weekend of having collaborated with the Christian forces in the fall of Tel el-Zaatar. In an official government statement, the Egyptians went on to say that Syria had plotted with Israel "and other Lebanese factions to wipe out the Palestinians, simply to cover up for the Syrian failure to liberate the Golan Heights" during the Yom Kippur war.

The fall of Tel el-Zaatar was met with much emotion in the Arab world, as PLO chief Yasser Arafat and Lebanon's leftist champion, Kamal Junblatt, cried out for Arab aid to launch a "ferocious" revenge.

Many Arab newspapers voiced their condolences "for the fighters who fell in Tel el-Zaatar." A Kuwaiti newspaper said they were the victims of the silence of Arab countries over the Lebanese civil war.

In the West Bank, Arabs yesterday hoisted black flags in grief for the fall of Tel el-Zaatar. In Tulkarm and nearby Anabta township, some residents took to the streets in a demonstration during which they raised the black flags, sobbed, and tore portraits of Syrian President Hafez Assad. Black flags hung from building and balconies in other West Bank towns.

(Middle East scene — page 5)

Luigi Gorini, anti-fascist, scientist, at 72

BOSTON.—Luigi Gorini, a former Harvard microbiologist known both for his research in genetics and resistance of Fascism in his Italian homeland, died Friday at Beth Israel hospital here. He was 72.

Gorini joined the Harvard Medical School faculty in 1957 and continued doing research at the school after his retirement. Harvard awarded him the Ledlie Prize in 1965 for his discoveries concerning the effects of drugs on heredity.

A native of Milan, he recently was honoured by Israel for his underground work in Italy during World War II. Placed in charge of a fascist summer camp in the Italian alps, he converted it into a refuge for Jewish orphans fleeing Europe and helped more than 1,000 youngsters

Ramallah woman under house-arrest

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The security authorities over the weekend placed a Ramallah Arab woman, Mrs. Raymonda Tawil, under house arrest for "security reasons." Security sources last night declined to elaborate.

Mrs. Tawil was ordered confined to her home, her telephone was disconnected and an Arab policeman was posted outside her front door.

'Istanbul terrorists wanted plane as present for Idi'

By ZE'EV SCHUL
Jerusalem Post Aviation Correspondent

BEN-GURION AIRPORT. — The Arab terrorists who attacked El Al passengers at Istanbul airport on Wednesday wanted to hijack the plane to Entebbe as a present for Ugandan dictator Idi Amin, or to kill as many passengers as possible — one of their victims said on her return here on Friday.

Hana Meron, an Israel tour guide slightly injured in the attack, said she had been told this by one of the official Turkish interrogators only a short time after the Turks captured the two terrorists in the terminal's women's washroom. She said the interrogator told her the terrorists' second goal, if they could not capture the plane, had been to get close enough to blow it up, "getting as many passengers as possible."

They had said the attack was in "revenge" for Israel's liberation of hijacked Israeli passengers at Entebbe last month.

Describing the attack, Mrs. Meron said: "I was lucky. I was called away to receive a list of all the members of my group and it was while I was on way back to my place in the queue that the explosives went off. The explosion occurred at almost the exact spot where I had stood, and the person standing next to me was, I believe, killed."

The explosions are now attributed to charges of high explosives, possibly with home-made shrapnel attached, which were lobbed by the terrorists after the Turkish security guards insisted on opening everything for inspection. One of the Arabs' satchels was lobbed out of an open door into a line of passengers who were descending into a waiting bus.

Most of the seriously injured passengers were, however, injured inside the building by a second charge. Grandmother Sara Levi, 50, another Friday arrival, recalled the loud detonation and the flash of fire. "I held my one-year-old grand-daughter in my arms. In front of me a man was burning. Then I saw that *my grandchild was burning too.* I tried to beat out the flames and couldn't stand because I was hit in the leg by bullets. They took the child away from me and later also took me to hospital in an ambulance." (The child's clothes had caught fire. It is believed she was not seriously injured.)

In a reappraisal of the attack Aluf (res.) Rehav'am Ze'evi, Government adviser on anti-terrorism activities, told an Israel TV reporter on Friday that he now considers the Istanbul attack a "limited success" for the terrorists. (It had earlier been generally talked down as a complete operational *failure*).

"It hurts — but not in comparison to what could have happened and what the terrorists might have done to us at Istanbul . . ." he said.

Aluf Ze'evi reminded his listeners that Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin had said after the Entebbe rescue raid that the war against terrorism *wasn't over* yet.

"If Wadia Hadad (head of the "Popular Front" branch responsible for these raids) hadn't had Entebbe as a pretext he would surely have found another," Ze'evi said. "We must never lull ourselves into assuming that we have done everything possible. It's going to be a long fight and there will be more hit or hostage raids."

Aluf Ze'evi stressed that the Popular Front planned its raids carefully and with increasing sophistication. "They are very careful planners, basing themselves on exhaustive intelligence research. And they also have unlimited financial means at their disposal . . ."

A fleet of ambulances awaited the return on Friday of 11 of the El Al passengers injured in the terrorist attack in Istanbul Wednesday night. Some of them, as the man above, were brought in on stretchers for which special provision had been made on the plane. (Israel Sun)

11 wounded back from Istanbul

By ZE'EV SCHUL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEN-GURION AIRPORT. — Eleven of the 12 Israelis kept behind in Turkish hospitals because of wounds sustained in last week's Arab terrorist attack at Istanbul airport arrived here on Friday afternoon.

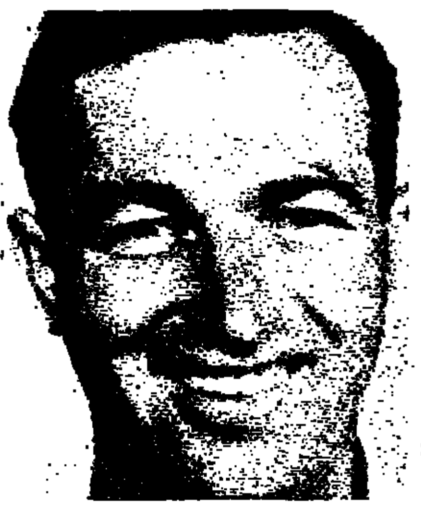
They came on an El Al jumbo whose rear section had been clared out to provide stretcher and wide-seat space for the wounded and special facilities for the medical team accompanying them.

Still in Istanbul yesterday was 12-year-old Yonit Manusevitch, who underwent major abdominal surgery but is now reported off the critical list.

The Foreign Ministry on Friday released the names of the two Israelis among the four people — all passengers — killed in the attack. They were Ernst Eliash, 55, an income-tax official from Petah Tikva, and Shlomo Weissenbach, 46, a former Egged driver and tour guide.

The national carrier jet touched down here on the dot of four o'clock Friday afternoon to an emotion-laden reception by friends and relatives — reminiscent in its intensity to the return of the Entebbe victims and to prisoner-of-war exchanges. Convoys of waiting ambulances took the wounded to Tel Hashomer (Sheba) Hospital near here.

The usual reinforced contingents of security and police units threw a protective ring around the aircraft in an attempt to keep the press corps at bay in hasty exchanges of questions and answers about what had actually happened at the Istanbul terminal.



Shlomo Weissbach, one of the two Israelis killed in the Istanbul terrorist attack. (IPPA)

Of the two Israelis killed, Eliash had been accompanying his wife Violet on a family visit to Turkey. They were recalled home when Violet's brother died. Mrs. Eliash learned of her husband's death in an Istanbul hospital where she was being treated for her own (light) injuries.

Shlomo Weissbach is survived by his wife and three children. He had been on his way home from Munich.

Twelve-year-old Yonit Manusevitch, who will be coming home in a few more days, had been on a Bat Mitzva trip sponsored by her grandparents *for her and her cousin Aharona.* The blast injured Yonit, Aharona and their grandfather. Grandmother Zippora, who had a lucky escape, spent most of the time in Turkey running between the wards and looking after her three patients.

The Foreign Ministry has assumed full responsibility for the delay until Friday in officially amending the casualty lists. Turkish newspapers and international news agencies had repeatedly suggested that the additional two bodies found at the attack site were those of Israeli passengers. The media had also noted that the two terrorists said in their first interrogation that there were no additional members in their group — dead or alive.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman said that while the Ministry had been fully cognisant of the facts, it has always been ministry policy not to reveal the names or numbers of casualties until positive identifications are made. Identification after such attacks was always complicated, in view of the shock and confusion.

Slight pick-up for England at Test

LONDON. — Dennis Amiss rediscovered his batting form Saturday and hit 176 not out to lead England in a brave recovery against the West Indies in the final Test Match.

Replying to the West Indies total of 687 for 8 declared, England fought back from 151 for 3 to 304 for 5 at the end of the third day's play. England need to score 488 to avoid the follow-on. Two days of the match are left but the West Indies have already won the series, with two victories and two draws.

Michael Holding took four of the five wickets that fell during the day. Every time he struck, the West Indians in the big crowd at Kennington Oval went wild — and finally they caused the play to be held up when Holding bowled-out England captain Tony Greig, about 15 minutes from the scheduled end of play, hundreds of youths and boys ran on to the field. Police struggled to clear the ground, and the umpires led the players to the dressing rooms. Play was resumed about seven minutes later.

Amiss, whose Test career appeared over after a series of dismal failures against Australia last summer, was back at his best as he scored his tenth century in Test Matches — and his first for two years.

Amiss started the day on 22, with the England score at 34 for no wicket. He soon lost his opening partner Bob Woolmer, who was leg before wicket to holding with the total at 47. But David Steele then helped Amiss to add exactly 100 runs for the second wicket. (AP)

Hebron Arabs oppose 1929 riots ceremony

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Hebron's mayor, Fahd Kawasma, has protested a plan by the Kiryat Arba settlers to commemorate the 1929 riots there today. He cabled his protest to Defence Minister Shimon Peres over the weekend. A similar complaint was sent by the Municipal Council, it was reported.

The settlers this afternoon plan to commemorate the 1929 Arab riots in which 67 Jews were killed and 70 Torah scrolls burned. The memorial meeting in the local cemetery will be preceded by a visit to Kiryat Arba and the old Jewish Quarter of Hebron.

UNIVERSITIES TO SET OWN FEES

All universities and other insitutions of higher education are to decide individually what fees students are to pay during the coming academic year. This was disclosed by the Education Ministry's spokesman on Friday.

The spokesman said that, following the National Students Union's rejection of Education Minister Aharon Yadlin's offer to arbitrate in the dispute between the students and the universities on tuition fees next year, the matter has been left for the universities to solve.

Towards the end of the last academic year the Cabinet decided on a massive hike in tuition fees at universities. The students' union strongly opposed the rises, which more than doubled last year's minimum fees. They claim that not all students can rely on support from their parents, and that the new minimum of IL4,830 a year would be prohibitive for many of them.

'Third Man' tells reporter: 'Ready to answer charges in Israel'

Avri Elad, the "third man" in the Israel espionage "mishap" in Egypt during the early 1950s, said yesterday he would be prepared to return to Israel and face an inquiry commission or stand trial to prove he did not betray the spy network to the Egyptians.

But he made this conditional on having a say in who would sit on such a commission, or, if it be a trial, on being informed of the charges and having access *to all* documents he deems necessary.

Elad went to live in Los Angeles after serving a 10-year sentence, handed down *in camera* in 1960 for contact with enemy agents and theft of secret documents. He was interviewed yesterday by an Israel Radio reporter for the weekend newsmagazine.

Among those who have recently charged publicly that Elad, head of the spy ring, had betrayed his colleagues to the Egyptians was Isser Harel, head of the Shin-Bet (Sherutei Bitahon — Israel's security services) during that time.

The mishap concerned an abortive attempt to bomb or set fire to public places in Egyptian towns and to U.S. property in Egypt, as part of an effort to dissuade Britain from leaving Egypt, and to thwart U.S. policy of courting Nasser. The mishap, and subsequent controversy over who gave the order for the ill-fated operation, resulted in the "Lavon Affair" — which led to Defence Minister Pinhas Lavon's resignation.

Elad yesterday denied — as he had done in a book he recently published — that he had betrayed the ring, and suggested that an inquiry commission be appointed to *go into* the matter in depth.

Also accusing Elad are several of the spies in the net who were released from Egyptian prison following the Six Day War.

One of them, Victor Levi, repeated the betrayal charge on the same radio programme yesterday. The book Elad published, Levi said, contains numerous distortions and perversions, "unfair to those who suffered and even sacrificed their lives for the State of Israel."

Anyone in the spy network who had no connection with Elad, Levi emphasized, did not get caught. For example, Segen-Mishne Johnny *Matza, who worked in Alexandria* without Elad's knowledge, was never detected. "We, the 'Cairo convicts,' lay full responsibility on Elad for the deaths of two of our colleagues —Dr. Moshe Marzouk and Shmuel Azar."

Olympic soccer team stayed in 'brothel'

By PAUL KOHN
Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

TEL AVIV.—Accommodation in a brothel, a steakless diet, homesickness, and a dearth of officials were some of the reasons given here last week for the national soccer team's lack-lustre performance at the Montreal Olympics.

Spokesmen for the Israel Football Association and members of the Olympic contingent told a news conference at Beit Sokolow on Friday that at least part of the blame for the team's disappointing performance could be attributed to faulty preparation immediately prior to the footballers' arrival in Canada.

For example, they singled out the team's appearances in Cleveland and Long Island against hopelessly inferior opposition. The matches, arranged by a private impresario who paid the team $750, were played on artificial *grass pitches.* Accomodation in Long Island was "in a brothel," and when the leaders of the contingent asked for steak for the players, they were told that, for budgetary reasons, they would have to make do with fish.

Meanwhile, a cabled *invitation* to the team to play in Toronto was never received, and team manager Yosef Dagan was contacted by members of the Jewish community there to find out why they had received no reply to their invitation.

Team coach David Schweitzer pointed to disruptions in the team's pre-Olympic preparation, with the league season ending on June 12 and cup matches going on until June 16. The squad left for England just 11 days later, on June 27, before going on to the U.S. and Canada.

Arie Kramer, an official with the team, *said* that so many problems had emerged that he would recommend that more officials should accompany teams abroad. "And what exactly was your role with the team?" one of the newsmen asked — and received *no reply.*

Israel reached the quarter-finals in Montreal, going down 1:4 to Brazil after finishing second to France in its group, ahead of Mexico and Guatemala.

Israel in students' chess finals

Jerusalem Post Chess Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — Israel qualified for the finals of the 13th Students' Olympics now in progress in Caracas, Venezuela after its surprise victory over the strong Icelandic team in the third round on Thursday.

Israel defeated Iceland 3½-½, and with a total of 10 points was second in its group, one point behind the U.S. Israel had still to play the U.S. but the results of this match could not change its position in second place, four points ahead of its nearest rival.

The leading teams in the four groups after the fourth round were as follows: Group One: Soviet *Union 10,* Switzerland 8; Group Two: U.S. 11, Israel 10; Group Three: Cuba 14, Brazil 12½; Group Four: Venezuela and Poland, 9 points each.

The first two teams in each group qualified for the finals which began yesterday.

DAN SEWAGE PLAN

(Continued from page one)

cording to plan. When the first sewage reached the lagoons in 1970, stench periodically reached to as far as 6.5 kilometres away. Experts were called in and recommended revising the original plans so as to use far larger tracts for the lagoons. But there was no land available.

Due to the stench, the courts therefore limited the amount of sewage that could *be channelled* to the lagoons to no more than 15 m. cubic metres a year. These now include 11m. cubic metres from Holon and Bat Yam, with the rest coming from the Basa area of Jaffa.

All other sewage from the Dan Region is still piped out to sea.

In view of this, it was finally decided in 1971 that a *conventional* sewage-treatment plant would after all have to be put up near the lagoons. This came after IL96m. had been spent on the lagoon project between 1968 and 1975 alone.

But no final plans for this plant have yet been approved, nor is there any *idea* of where the vast sums needed for it will come from. Neither is there any Government decision on Tel Aviv's own plans to separate solid from liquid wastes, decontaminate the liquid components and channel these out to sea.

Thus the contamination of the sea continues to grow. The amount of sewage piped out near Tel Aviv's Reading power station rose from 40.2m. cubic metres in 1969 to 53m. in 1975. This made nearly all Tel Aviv beaches unfit for bathing in 1971, and only a massive municipal chlorinization campaign is alleviating the situation somewhat at present.

Under the original 1966 plan, the Comptroller reports, some 52m. cubic metres of *Dan-Region* sewage were to have been treated annually at the Rishon lagoons by 1969. Under revised plans from 1972, 92m. were to have been treated there in 1976 — instead of the 15m. actually treated. (Leader — Page 8).

igis
THIS WEEK

Lotto Draw 33/76
Minimum first prize fun
IL350,000
accumulating with carryover
IL1,000,000
TOMORROW is the last day
for handing in Lotto entries

U.S. attorney due here in w crimes prob

The Washington Post

WASHINGTON.—A U.S. Im
tion and Naturalization
spokesman has announced th
attorneys will be sent to Isra
the weekend to interview wi
about war crimes allegedly c
ted by persons now living
United States.

The attorneys will in
witnesses who have offered
evidence in eight cases unde
tigation by U.S. immigration
rities.

The interviews will be u
evaluate the evidence agai
persons under investigation an
result in formal charges lea
denaturalization and deport

Immigration officials wo
reveal the names of the eig
sons under investigation, s
formal charges have been p
yet. A spokesman said that i
are under way about an a
77 persons alleged to have i
volved in war crimes during
War II.

Under the Immigration a
turalization Act, the Imm
Service, a part of the Just
partment, can institute
against persons who commit
crimes if it finds evidence th
concealed or lied about the
vities when they entered th
try or were granted U.S. citi

The spokesman said he
pates that some of the w
from Israel will be brought
United States at government
to testify in proceedings
there is sufficient evidence
charges against any of th
persons under investigation

Grocers stri tomorrow

The Israel Consumers'
has made public a series
ful tips advising shopp
places that will sell food
the three-day grocers
scheduled to start tomorr

As the General Mercha
sociation has decided to g
with the strike over prob
recording VAT, consume
advised to stock up toda
essentials that will keep f
days.

In a joint communiq
Council and the Histadru
sumer authority have i
the public that the f
facilities will stay open
the strike:

- Supermarkets, includ
Supersol chain, the
and Kolbo Shalom, ha
nounced that they intend
open until 9 p.m.
- The bakeries and
marketing firms are
ing direct sales to the p
central places.

It is believed that
grocers will take part
strike. Arrangements ha
made so that these shops
supplied with fresh prod

The Council has stron
demned the grocers for hi
the consumers when their
is with the Government

Lebanese bo crew freec

Jerusalem Post Report

HAIFA.—The six Lebanese
when their motorboat dri
Israeli waters last Wednes
released by the Coastal
Friday morning, after be
for questioning.

A police patrol vessel
them to the territorial wa
from where they were fr
on to the Lebanese port
Their boat was refuelled,
were allowed to take the c
had bought in Cyprus fo
Sidon.

Oil-search g wrecked at J

Jerusalem Post Report

HAIFA.—Oil-prospecting e
being operated near Jenin
firm was sabotaged on W
night, it was learned over
end. The *Northern Distri*
spokesman, A. Amikam,
manager for the Teledyne
tion had filed a complaint
police on Thursday.

The firm's seismic equip
damaged in the field whe
been set up. Cables were
instruments broken, doing
estimated at $13,000. Poli
tracks of the suspected va
are investigating, the s
said.

No sabotage Shahal's car

HAIFA. — The fire that
MK Moshe Shahal's c
Thursday morning was t
of a leak in the petrol ta
have determined. The car
in flames as Shahal was
home to Haifa from Jerus
he escaped without inju

Police and Fire Brigade
who examined the car sa
is no cause to believe t
attempt at arson was inv

Shahal has received ma
over the telephone concer
campaign against rackete
the fresh food markets.

NINA MINDLIN SAMUE
Sao-Paulo Tel A
(Brazil)

Married

August 10, 1976

With deep sorrow, we mourn the passing of our beloved

ARI ENGAD

He bequeathed his body to science.

Bola Rosenfeld and Family
Ofra and Uri Ayion and Family
Harlap, Katz and Doron Families
Michael Holzstein

Friends and colleagues of the late

LEVI GERTNER

are invited to attend a memorial meeting
to honour his memory on
Wednesday, August 18.
(and not August 25 as previously announced)
at the Weizmann Hall, Jewish Agency Building,
King George Street, Jerusalem, at 6 p.m.

All other details given in our notice of Friday, August 13 stand.

Technion Israel Institute of Technology

deeply mourns the death of

Prof. Emeritus J. YANAI-TABB

distinguished scientist and veteran member of the academic staff
and extends deepest condolences to the family.

With deep sorrow, we announce the passing
in London of our dear mother and sister

LEAH RYNESS

BASIL RYNESS
LOUISE RYNESS
ANNIE DOTHAN
POLLY ROSE
and family

The Government of Israel

mourns the death of

ERNST ELIASH
YUTAKA HIRANO
HAROLD ROSENTHAL
SALOMON WEISBACH

murdered in the terrorist attack at Istanbul Airport
and offers sympathy to the bereaved families.

My beloved husband, our father and grandfather

JUAN ROTSTEIN ז"ל

Lima—Brussels

has passed away in Brussels.

The funeral took place at Kibbutz Ma'abarot on Thursday,
August 12, 1976, in the presence of the family

Feli Rotstein
Nelly and Tibi Jonas
Shmuel Jushinski

هكذا من الاصل

[illegible]

Baranes's plea for review of case denied

e Supreme Court has denied an al by Amos Baranes, serving a sentence for the murder of girl er Rahel Heller, to re-examine ase once more.

fence attorney Eliahu Toister the appeal on a minority opinion by Justice Haim Cohn in the eme Court's previous denial of nes's appeal. Toister sought to the court take up again the ssibility of Baranes's confession since it had been established ad been mistreated by the e.

wever, the court's president, ce Shimon Agranat, said that was no room for reopening the since a majority of the judges mined that the confession had made by Baranes's free will. (Itim)

Man on trial in rape of retarded girl

FA. — A 38-year-old Haifa has been accused of raping a ded girl towards the end of

e prosecuter told the District t here that Mashour ben Muhtsebidat, 38, saw the girl on her to the bus station after she ed work at a factory in the Area. He allegedly persuaded o come into his house, locked oor and then raped her. The dant is also accused of stealing d ornament the girl wore on a round her neck.

prosecution claims that the dant was aware of the fact the girl is retarded.

another rape case, a 21-year-irl complained to the Nahariya last week that a man whom she had hitched a ride l her to get out of the car, after intimidating her with a in the air from an Uzi sub-inegun, raped her.

Haifa police, who are dealing the case, have the name of a suspected of being the rapist. (Itim)

asher mezuzot etter security

AR HABAD. — An ongoing dy shows that of all those estigated up to now, of the ck victims saved by the IDF Entebbe, each was properly observant of the commandments reding mezuzot. The survey is g carried out by Habad has-n on the instruction of their York-based leader, the Lutcher Rebbe.

a message from the Rebbe, nachem Mendel Schneerson, aved here live last week, followers were told that vance of the mezuza and n commandments increased security of Israel and put into the hearts of her eneery Jew, said the Rebbe, d check his mezuzot from to time to make sure their hic fitness was unimpaired.

K urges meeting House Comptroller

usalem Post Knesset Reporter

a Nof, MK (Likud-Free), sent a telegram last week use Committee chairman Ari on, urging him to summon mmittee as soon as possible uss the controversial issue of al control in the Knesset.

is a member of the House ttee. His Likud colleague m Katz said on Wednesday e did not agree with Speaker l Yeshayahu's appointment of her Labour MK as the new t internal comptroller. The an is Baruch Azania, 71, who to start work today.

STAMP CENTRE

s you, free of charge, up-to-Israel stamps price list. We the Einstein stamp for IL15 week we paid only IL10). For Rothschild stamp, we pay IL10.

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Unique educational project to open in Jerusalem

Yadlin approves Conservative-style classes

By JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Denounced by some as a corrosive influence on religious values and welcomed by others as a pioneer in bringing Jews closer to religious values, five elementary school classes taught in Conservative Judaism-style will open in Jerusalem next month.

The education committee, a statutory body appointed by the Minister of Education and comprising teachers, religious leaders, representatives of kibbutzim and Ministry officials, last week voted to recommend the approval of the opening. *The Jerusalem Post* learned yesterday that Minister Aharon Yadlin has approved the unique classes, and has stipulated that pupils from the immediate quarters of Ramat Eshkol, Ma'alot Daphna, French Hill, as well as the disadvantaged Shmuel Hanavi, will be able to register.

The project, starting with the first five grades, is the effort of a group of families in French Hill and Ramat Eshkol. What unites them is a desire to give their children an education "with more Jewish content" than what is taught in State schools — without "forcing" the pupils to observe religious practices.

A little-known clause in the State Education Law — 1953 allows parents to submit an educational programme to the Ministry for approval if it will constitute up to 25 per cent of classroom hours.

The 1953 law abolished the then-existing state educational systems run by the Labour movement, Mizrahi, and the General Zionists, replacing them with the State schools (secular) and the State religious schools.

"About 120 children — mostly native-born Israelis — have expressed interest in being registered for the classes as soon as the programme is approved," according to Moshe Tutnauer, the chairman of the parents' committee. "We expect the classes to be held in existing pre-fabricated structures in French Hill, but they will still be part of the Givat Shapiro state elementary school."

Although the project is not officially affiliated with the Conservative Movement in Israel or abroad, the curriculum is designed along the movement's ideological lines: the teaching of Jewish religious values, history, Bible and prayer, but with "voluntary" adherence to ritual commandments. "There will be lots of Rashi (biblical commentary) but there will also be archaeology, mixing modern with ancient," explains Tutnauer.

Although most of the pupils who want to register are from the immediate (middle-class) neighbourhood, the group say they will encourage both religious and social integration. "We're not interested in becoming a new educational trend," Tutnauer insists, "but rather an example for all the other State schools."

Rabbi Simon Dolgin, who served for years as an Orthodox rabbi in Los Angeles before immigrating, has voiced strong opposition to the "Conservative-style" classes.

"A school which pretends to promote true religious values but does not tell the pupils that they are required to practise them is a danger to religious schools and the religious fabric of the country," he asserts. "There are people who are seeking to assuage their sense of religious obligation by getting approval for observing less."

Rabbi Dolgin insists that while the suggested curriculum "could bring some secular pupils closer" to Judaism, it would undoubtedly lead to a dilution of religious observance among others and "to the disaster of assimilation that the Conservative and Reform movements have brought in the U.S." What is really needed, he concludes, is the injection of religious values in the State secular schools — regularly and by competent teachers.

Other opponents of the programme charge the Conservatives with introducing it as a "first step toward full recognition of the Conservative rabbinate in Israel."

Dr. Dan Ronen, adviser to the Education Minister, told *The Post* that the French Hill experiment "is not a third educational trend." The innovation of an additional trend would require a change in the Knesset's state education law of 1953.

Severance pay to be abolished under new bill

Over 70% pension at retirement

By DAVID KRIVINE
Jerusalem Post Travel Correspondent

A new Pensions Bill, due to be tabled in the present Knesset, will require all gainfully employed persons in the country to participate in a contributory scheme, yielding them a pension of over 70 per cent at the age of 65 (60 for women). Severance pay will be abolished under the new scheme.

According to Shlomo Amir, adviser to the Labour Minister and chairman of the committee which drew up the bill, the pension is based on the average wage prevailing in Israel. If a person's earnings over his entire working career total, say, 1¼ times the average wage, then his pension will be 1½ times the pension payable on the average wage existing at the time of his retirement.

It will continue to be linked to the average wage year by year thereafter. The ceiling for both contributions and benefits is double the average wage.

A person retiring will thus receive two pensions; the first is a flat-rate one from the National Insurance Institute, which comes to approximately 20 per cent of the average wage, or (today) IL500 a month for a single person. (The figure works out at more than 20 per cent for persons earning less than the average wage, and less for those earning more.)

The second benefit is an income-related pension, as provided in the bill. The monthly contribution will be 16 per cent, as in the voluntary schemes — 11 per cent from the employer, and five per cent from the worker.

In order to avoid overlap, this will be levied not on the whole wage, but on the wage minus that part which is covered by national insurance. Thus if a person earns IL4,000 a month, his contribution will be 16 per cent of IL4,000-minus-IL500, or IL3,500, since the first IL500 is covered by National Insurance.

His pension on that would be IL500 from the National Insurance, plus 70 per cent of IL3,500, or IL2,540, making a total of IL2,950 — which is 73.75 per cent of his wage.

When the bill is passed into law, it will replace the present pension funds, though they will remain in existence (those that pass muster), since they are to operate the new project. Outstanding pension obligations from the past will, of course, be honoured.

Participation will be compulsory, and the provisions standard, comprising old-age, survivors' insurance, and invalidity benefits. It will apply to the entire 1,100,000 members of the labour force. At present only 550,000 are insured, all of them wage-earners, and that includes 250,000 who contribute only to a "basic pension" project, which covers old age but not survivors or invalidity. Those 250,000 will be registered for comprehensive pensions.

So will 250,000 self-employed, who at present are not covered at all. One or more new pensions funds will be created to handle their contributions. The self-employed will be required to contribute only eight per cent a month, since they have no boss to defray part of the outlay — but then their pension will only be 35 per cent. If they want to contribute the full 16 per cent, they will receive the full pension.

The main differences with the existing scheme are as follows:

- Total mobility between the funds. If a man ceases to be an agricultural worker and becomes a building worker, his pension will shift with him to the Building Workers' Fund.
- He cannot withdraw ahead of time any money accumulated to his credit. It stays in the fund until his retirement.
- Severance pay will be abolished.
- The costly present right to a 40 per cent pension after 10 years will be eliminated too. The entitlement will be one of two alternatives, to be chosen by Government and Knesset: either two per cent a year during 35 years (yielding only 20 per cent after 10 years), or 1.75 per cent a year during 40 years (yielding 17.5 per cent after 10 years).

At present the country's employers can be divided into two:

- Those who pay 10 per cent (five per cent coming from the worker) to a basic fund, plus 8⅓ per cent to a severance pay fund, making 18¼ altogether.
- Those paying 16 per cent to a comprehensive pension fund, plus 2⅓ per cent to a severance pay fund, making (again) 18⅓ per cent altogether. This category of employer is obliged to give as severance pay the equivalent of only one week's wage per year of employment.

The bill will require all employers to go on contributing 18⅓ per cent as before—13⅓ per cent the management and five per cent from the worker. This is more than the required 16 per cent for the pension fund. What to do with the extra 2⅓ per cent has yet to be decided.

More water for Rafah villages

ASHKELON. — Mekorot will link 20 new wells to its water-supply network in the Rafah area during the coming year — the latest issue of the national water company's magazine revealed last week.

The project will greatly increase the water supply to several newly-established settlements in the area. The magazine also notes that Mekorot will be building a series of pumping stations to increase the water supply to settlements in the Negev and the Arava. There are also plans to improve the water supply to settlements in the Golan Heights, the Jordan Valley, and Lower Galilee.

Some IL250m. will be spent on development during the year 1976-7.

The magazine estimates that Mekorot will produce a total of 1,179 cubic metres of water this year — 4m. cubic metres less than last year. Revenues are estimated at IL435m., for the supply of 944m. cubic metres to consumers.

The company will pump back into the earth some 182m. cubic metres of water, to improve the country's water-table. (Itim)

Canada to stop 'non-Jew' papers for Saudi trips

OTTAWA. — Canada has cancelled a policy of certifying Canadians travelling to Saudi Arabia as non-Jews.

A government spokesman said on Friday orders had been issued to Canada's High Commission in London to stop notarizing such documents, because this gave the appearance of Canadian support for the Arabs' boycott of Jewish-owned companies.

Soviet Jews arrive via Israel, go on welfare

German town balks at influx of Jews

By BRIAN ARTHUR
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

BONN. — The State Prosecutor's office in the city of Offenbach, near Frankfurt, is investigating possible fraud and other illegal activities in connection with a drastic rise in the number of East Bloc Jewish emigrants — many of them Israel citizens—who have resettled in the the West German city.

City officials have voiced the suspicion that profiteers have set up shop in Israel or at the refugee centre for Soviet Jews near Vienna and are charging the refugees up to $2,000 each for advice and the necessary documents for settling in this city of 117,000 inhabitants.

"After having paid out all their money in this way, these people — mostly entire families — arrive here without a cent," city spokesman Lothar Braun said last week. "But some of them already have leases for apartments in Offenbach and know our welfare laws better than most locals."

The number of Israeli citizens in Offenbach has grown from 458 in 1974 to 1,200 as of last July 30. Braun said 900 of these now are receiving relief and are costing the debt-ridden city an extra $64,000 monthly.

The new Jewish immigrants are predominantly from the Soviet Union. Once here, they apply for and receive German refugee certificates, enabling them to draw welfare payments. Most state their intention to become West German citizens.

"This routine takes a while, but it isn't too complicated," Braun explained. "Whoever manages to convince authorities that their grandmothers in the Ukraine sang German lullabies has almost made it."

Concerned that its motives might be misconstrued as anti-Semitic, the city kept publicly silent about its misgivings until the Israeli newspaper "Yediot Ahronot," accused it last week of "trading in human beings" to offset a declining population.

Mayor Walter Buckpesch rejected the allegation and reported on the situation to the Hessian State Interior and Welfare Ministries.

According to the West German Urban Council, Offenbach was the most debt-ridden city in the country last year on a per capita basis — $1,875 indebtedness for each resident. (AP)

Correction

IBM has until now rented *and* sold its equipment in Israel, and not as reported last week's story on the 5100 IBM model. The 5100 is the first model to be sold only, and not rented.

NOISY AIRCRAFT overflying urban areas at lower than prescribed altitudes may in future find themselves in trouble with the civil aviation authorities, following the installation of special monitoring devices along their flight-paths.

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Young mother jumps in front of Lahat's car

TEL AVIV. — A young mother who threw herself and her four-month-old baby in the path of Mayor Shlomo Lahat's car outside City Hall here last Thursday was arrested and released on bail.

The 17-year-old woman — whose name is being withheld — had been encamped with her husband outside the Mayor's office in protest against the Municipality's refusal to grant the couple a licence to open a stall in the city's Carmel Market.

Mayor Lahat was warned last Thursday that the woman intended throwing acid at him. So when he left his office later that day, he rushed to his car and drove off before she could carry out her alleged plan. As he drove toward her, the woman threw herself in front of the car, which the Mayor only just managed to stop in time.

The woman was released on IL1,000 bail in the Magistrate's Court here on Friday. Her husband was also held for questioning, and released on bond shortly afterwards. (Itim)

10,000 tourists jam Tiberias

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TIBERIAS. — This resort town is overrun by an estimated 10,000 summer guests, causing shortages of bread and other fresh foods, ice and fuel. Long queues can be seen at groceries, petrol stations, pharmacies and other services, causing traffic jams.

All the 5,000 beds in hotels and homes taking in summer guests are occupied, and about another 5,000 are camping by the lake in tents, bungalows and on mattresses in the open.

The chairman of the Hotel Owners Association, Yaacov Riffman, said that a decade ago August had been this town's dead season, but that vacation habits had changed. Airconditioning, open-air camping and the popularity of swimming are credited for this change.

ALLENTOWN, PENN is the destination of the mayor of Tiberias and 35 of his fellow townsmen who are off to visit their twin town in the U.S. The mayor, his deputy and a folkore group are returning a visit paid by an Allentown group last year.

T.A. fines for public puddles

TEL AVIV. —Local residents will from now on have to be extra tidy about washing their cars. Should they create puddles on city streets, they will be liable to a fine, according to a new municipal by-law.

The fine will be the same as for littering and may be as high as IL500.

"GAN"
APARTMENTS
IN PETAH-TIKVA
ARE THE BEST
FOR LIVING
AND INVESTING
"15"
[illegible]

Israel making new fighter

(Continued from page one)

be a 400-aircraft programme. Because co-production was virtually complete with four North Atlantic Treaty Organization countries already in the F-16 programme, President Ford earlier this year denied Israel requests to participate."

"Aviation Week" said that this decision by President Ford has provided the impetus in Israel to establish the basic philosophy under which the new strike fighter would be designed. Israel is purchasing 25 F-15 air superiority fighters from the U.S., but these highly sophisticated and expensive planes are viewed as an interim step leading towards the much larger acquisition of either F-16s or an Israel-designed equivalent.

The Israel contemplated strike fighter will be powered by the General Electric J-79 engine, the same engine used in the Kfir fighter. "Aviation Week" also said that Israel Aircraft Industries has a license to produce this engine and approximately 60 per cent of the engine is currently being produced in Israel.

According to the "Aviation Week" report, the Israel strike fighter would have these broad characteristics:

- "Ability to perform more than one role. The new aircraft will have the primary task of attack in supporting land force advances and in destroying surface-to-air missile batteries and radars. It also will have the capability to fight in air combat and can be fitted for reconnaissance."
- "Small silhouette, a design characteristic that Israel has re-emphasized because of its air superiority and ground attack experience throughout its conflicts with the Arabs."

A prime reason Israel wants to replace the Phantoms and the reason the F-15 purchase was for a small number of planes is that these aircraft are considered big targets in the Middle East environment, "Aviation Week" said. "We want as small an aircraft as possible to do the job, and we want it simple," one Israel planner was quoted as saying.

Meanwhile, "Aviation Week" also reports that IAI has the confidence that it can carry out the programme for the new strike fighter. The magazine said that Kfir production capabality is 4.5 aircraft a month, but the actual output is about half that number.

The magazine also said that approximately 150 Kfir C2's, the newest model of the Israeli-made plane, will be built for the Israel Air Force and will become the backbone of the the air superiority fleet, replacing the Mirage 3C.

Since the 1967 Six Day War, "Aviation Week" said, Israel has modified four fighter aircraft and is now designing the fifth. The magazine listed the four previously-modified or adopted Israel planes as: the Salvo, the Mirage 3CJ re-engined with the General Electric J-79 engine; the Nesher (Eagle), a version of both the Mirage-3 and the Mirage-5 powered by the Atar 9C engine; the Kfir-1; the Kfir-C3.

Metulla couples protest 'villas'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

METULLA. — Ten local residents were arrested here by Kiryat Shmona police on Friday during a demonstration at the entrance to the settlement.

A group of Metulla residents, mostly young couples, closed the main gates to the settlement at about 4 a.m. on Friday. They padlocked the gates and threw away the keys, explaining that they were protesting the Housing Ministry's attempt to build what they claimed were "villas" in an area earmarked for agricultural development.

The demonstrators were all members of a group which intends settling on 34 new agricultural plots planned for the settlement. They claim that 20 new buildings — which they allege are villas intended for artists and senior government officials — are being built in the area set aside for their plots, which, as a result, will be reduced from 34 to 20.

The Housing Ministry spokesman has denied their charge, claiming that the homes under construction are only 65 square metres in area and are intended for young couples. He said the homes are being built according to a plan worked out with the Jewish Agency and the Metulla Local Council.

The demonstrators dismiss the Housing Ministry's explanation, and still insist that the new homes are villas.

The 10 demonstrators who were detained were released after questioning.

New moshav on Gilboa slopes

A new moshav is currently being built on the slopes of Mount Gilboa, west of Jenin.

Intended for some 100 families to be drawn from existing villages in the area, the moshav is called Magen Sha'ul — after King Shaul, who died fighting the Philistines on Gilboa.

There are already 17 families living on the site, and homes have been completed for a further 13 families due to arrive shortly. All the construction work is being done by the future villagers themselves.

The Housing Ministry has allocated IL1.2m. for the construction of temporary houses until permanent homes for all 100 families can be built.

According to the plan for the moshav, each housing unit will have an eight dunam plot attached. The village centre will comprise a shop, a clinic and a synagogue.

The new moshav will be officially opened at a ceremony due to be held in two months time. (Itim)

Spirit of Independence

This is the subject of 12 lithographs commissioned by the Kent Company from famous Pop artists in the United States, in honour of America's Bicentennial.

An exhibition (including other artistic works) is being held in the entrance hall of the Tel Aviv-Yafo Municipality Building, Kikar Malchei Yisrael. It will be open to the public until Thursday, August 26, 1976.

Entrance is free.

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Sadat says Gaddafi plotted hijacking of plane to Uganda

CAIRO. — Libyan leader Muammer Gaddafi personally plotted the June hijacking of a French airliner to Uganda with PFLP chief George Habash, President Anwar Sadat of Egypt said.

"This incident was personally planned by Gaddafi with George Habash," Sadat said. "Gaddafi paid the money and the weapons were smuggled to Athens in a Libyan diplomatic pouch and were given to the terrorists by the Libyan Embassy."

The Air France plane was hijacked after taking off from Athens and was flown to Entebbe with a stop in Libya. Israeli commandos rescued more than 100 passengers in a night raid on July 4.

Sadat spoke in an interview on Tuesday with the Kuwaiti newspaper "Al Siassa." The text of the interview was released on Friday by the Middle East News Agency.

"It is regrettable that Gaddafi's name is mentioned only in connection with cases of explosion and destruction," Sadat said. "Our information is that his embassies throughout the world are veritable arsenals of weapons smuggled via diplomatic pouches."

"Gaddafi's file is in our hands," the Egyptian leader said. "We will inform Arab governments of what Gaddafi is planning for them."

Sadat said there were three camps in Libya training mercenaries to "invade Sudan, Chad and Tunisia. There is also a fourth camp set up for Egypt and we have the names of all those working in it."

Sadat said he was making these disclosures in order to put Arab governments on their guard, "particularly as Soviet weapons are pouring into Libya."

Egypt has accused Gaddafi of sending assassins into Egypt to kill prominent political personalities and exiles. Authorities also blamed Libya for a pair of explosions last week in government buildings in Cairo which wounded 14 persons.

Gaddafi has been accused of masterminding an invasion of Sudan last month, aimed at overthrowing the Khartoum government. The plot failed after savage fighting.

"I will not let Gaddafi slip through my fingers this time," Sadat repeated twice in the interview, referring to the Sudanese events and the bomb explosions.

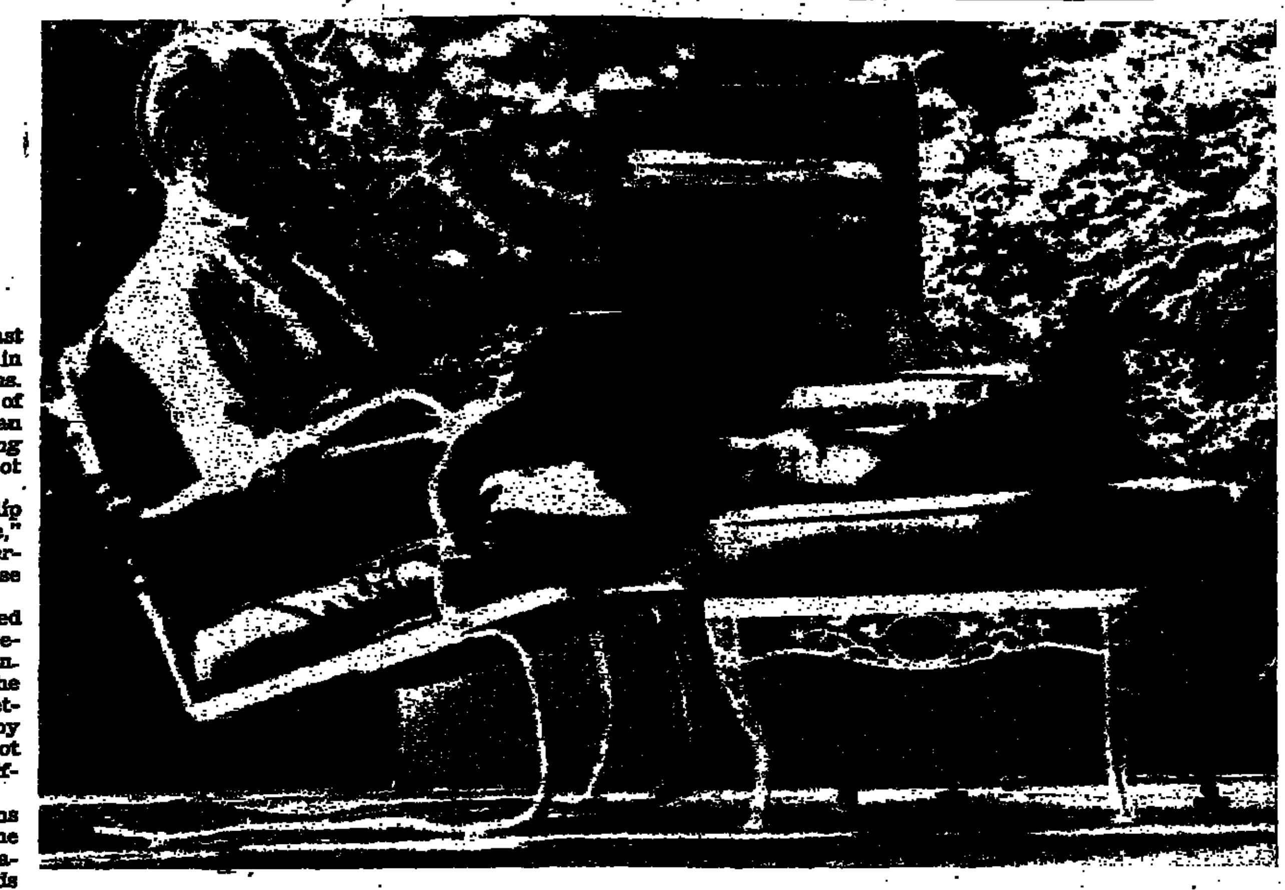
The Egyptian leader criticized Syria, which also has strained relations with Egypt, for its intervention in Lebanon. He said in the interview that a reconciliation meeting in Riyadh in June organized by Kuwait and Saudi Arabia had not helped settle the two countries differences.

Sadat was critical of Arab nations in general for their handling of the Lebanese civil war. "... the negative stand and indifference towards the Lebanese conflict are worse than approving what is going on there," he was quoted as saying. "What is happening in Lebanon does not honour us as Arabs. It is a black stain on our political history."

Meanwhile, official Egyptian sources said that Egypt has built up its military forces along the border facing Libya. The sources confirmed a report in the "Al-Ahram" newspaper which spoke of tanks, infantry, paratroopers and air defence units moving up to the border. Other sources said that at least some leave in the armed forces had been cancelled.

Reports of the deployment have circulated in Cairo for some weeks and were referred to by Gaddafi in a verbal attack against Egypt last month.

"Al-Ahram" said the deployment was aimed at thwarting saboteurs which it said Libya was training on the Libyan side of the border for operations in Egypt. (AP, Reuter)



A confident President Ford works on his acceptance speech in a lounge outside the White House. (UPI telephoto)

Mozambique: 618 killed in raid

JOHANNESBURG. — Radio Mozambique said on Friday that 618 people — not the 300 earlier reported — died in last Sunday's strike by Rhodesian forces on guerrillas inside Mozambique.

Breaking a four-day silence on the raid, the radio said the Rhodesians had attacked the village of Nhagomia, about 40 km from the Rhodesian border.

The broadcast, monitored here, alleged that "completely defenceless" men, women and children were killed in the attack on Nhagomia, where it said thousands of refugees were concentrated.

Rhodesia had announced on Tuesday that its forces crossed the border at the weekend in pursuit of guerrillas who had killed five white soldiers at a Rhodesian defence-force base.

The Salisbury announcement had said 300 guerrillas, 30 Frelimo troops and 10 Mozambique civilians died when the Rhodesians attacked a guerrilla camp.

Friday's Mozambique broadcast, which gave low-key treatment to the report on the raid, alleged that the Rhodesians had ridden into Nhagomia wearing Frelimo-type uniforms.

In Salisbury, a defence-ministry source described the radio report as "utter nonsense" and said no village of Nhagomia appears on large-scale maps printed by the Portuguese, who controlled Mozambique before it became independent last year.

The Rhodesians meanwhile said that eight people had been killed in the guerrilla war on Wednesday and Thursday. The dead included a white district officer at Melsetter, in south-eastern Rhodesia, an African man shot while attempting to escape and an African school supervisor burned to death by guerrillas. The remainig five were guerrillas, bringing the number of guerrilla deaths so far this year to 853 and to 1,466 since the war started in December 1972.

The Rhodesians said the African school supervisor had been tortured and then burned at the stake in front of his wife and staff. They also reported that an African tribesman had had his upper lip and ear severed by guerrillas, who forced him to eat them after his wife had been made to cook them.

In Durban, South Africa, Foreign Minister Hilgard Muller warned that mounting violence in Rhodesia could give the Soviet Union and Cuba an excuse to intervene there. He said South Africa would do everything possible to stop situations arising which Cuba and Russia could exploit to establish themselves further in southern Africa.

The Foreign Minister, who was speaking at a conference of South African's ruling National Party, appealed to Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda to join again with Prime Minister John Vorster to find a peaceful settlement in Rhodesia.

Rhodesian Prime Minister Ian Smith on Friday called again for the involvement of major Western powers in seeking a constitutional settlement between Rhodesia's six million blacks and its ruling 270,000 whites.

But the Rhodesian leader, in a local television interview, said he hoped U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger would be "a little more realistic" than to back British demands for black rule in Rhodesia within two years.

Smith said he had no details of a reported U.S. plan to provide guarantees for white Rhodesians in the event of a black takeover.

He said, however: "I think people outside have got to realize that not only whites, but the masses of the blacks would want guarantees."

Smith also dismissed criticism that the Rhodesian raid into Mozambique would provoke Cuban involvement. "They don't need an excuse to interfere," he said. "What was their excuse in Angola, Mozambique and Tanzania?"

(Reuter, AP)

No organic matter found yet on Mars

PASADENA, California. — A Viking 1 lab analysis of soil on Mars has apparently found no organic material, scientists said on Friday. The data do not point toward the presence of life.

However, biologists said the findings do not rule out the presence of life in the soil.

"It would still be possible to have a significant population of organisms in the soil without detecting organic material," said chief Viking scientist Dr. Gerald Soffen. But he added that this would only be true if there were a small number of dead bodies for each live organism in the sample.

On Earth most of the organic matter — of the chemical compounds based on the element carbon — in the soil consists precisely of decomposed dead organisms.

Another Viking scientist, Dr. Klaus Biemann, added that the data were preliminary and needed further study.

Although life as known on Earth usually goes hand in hand with an abundance of organic material in the soil, scientists said they could imagine unique Martian scenarios where this would not be true.

"I see no reason why it couldn't be that the carbon is mainly in the atmosphere," said Dr. Harold Klein, head of the Viking biology team. "Perhaps it remains in the soil for only a short time."

Biemann said organic matter might be present in amounts too small for Viking to detect. But he noted that the analysis instrument, a gas chromatograph mass spectrometer, would detect organic molecules in amounts greater than one part in a million.

Discussing over-all results of the Viking biology experiments so far, Klein recalled that one experiment had given unexplained results that might mean something in the soil is assimilating carbon from the atmosphere, which is a process of living organisms. He said the number of living organisms that could produce those results would be small enough so that the organic-analysis experiment would not detect them. (AP)

Soviet satellite orbiting moon

MOSCOW. — An unmanned Soviet space station, Luna-24, went into orbit around the moon yesterday morning, the official Tass news agency reported.

It said the station, launched on August 9, was orbiting the moon every two hours at an altitude of 115 kilometres. All systems were functioning normally. (Reuter)

Fourth Ulster child killed in a week

BELFAST. — Another child was shot and killed yesterday in crossfire between the British Army and the Provisional wing of the Irish Republican Admy, the fourth child killed in a week.

An army spokesman said the latest death, that of a 12-year-old girl, came only a few hours before Belfast women, Protestant and Roman Catholic alike, held mass vigil on the spot where the other three children were killed earlier in the week.

The army said the girl was shot and killed at Whitecross, a religiously divided village in mountainous border country 128 km. north-west of Belfast, when IRA Provisionals ambushed a six-man army patrol.

The army statement said first indications were that the IRA gunmen fired at the soldiers and hit the girl, who died almost as soon as she reached hospital.

The latest incident came a few days after the three Maguire children were crushed to death by a runaway IRA car during a gun battle between terrorists and British troops.

The children — Joanne, 8, John, 3, and Andrew, six weeks — were buried Friday in an emotional funeral attended by at least 5,000 West Belfast people.

They lined the 1.5 km. route to Milltown Cemetery eight and ten deep, many kneeling to pray as the three tiny white coffins were carried by.

The children's father, Jackie Maguire, a Catholic motor mechanic, wept as the three flower-strewn coffins were buried — a few metres from the grave of IRA gunman Daniel Lennon, the driver of the car that killed the Maguire children and badly injured their mother, Anne.

Lennon was hot dead by soldiers chasing the car after an IRA ambush in the staunchly Catholic Andersonstown quarter of the city. He was buried on Thursday by the IRA.

Across town, in the Royal Victoria Hospital, doctors fought to keep Mrs. Maguire, 31, alive. She does not know three of her four children are dead. The Maguire children's deaths spurred Catholic housewives into the area into a campaign to get the IRA gunmen out. More than 20,000 persons signed a petition making this demand.

Mrs. Betty Williams, 32, called yesterday's vigil where the Maguire children had died so that West Belfast's Catholic women could "stand up and be counted" as opposing violence and the gunmen in their midst.

Protestant women from the other side of Belfast hired buses to join the vigil. (UPI, AP)

Ford and Reagan bo go to convention tod

KANSAS CITY, Missouri. — With every vote crucial and every delegate a potential kingmaker, President Gerald Ford and Ronald Reagan arrive in Kansas City today bearing rival claims to the Republican presidential nomination.

Ford and Reagan both claim the strength for first-ballot victory at the four-day Republican nominating convention opening tomorrow. But no one can say for certain which candidate will emerge in triumph and which will see his long quest for the White House fall agonizingly short of the prize.

The AP count of publicly committed and legally bound delegates shows Ford 75 votes ahead of Reagan, but 21 votes short of the 1,130 that will make a nominee. The numbers: Ford 1,109, Reagan 1,034, uncommitted 116.

Ford's delegate counter, James A. Baker III, claims 1,135 votes, five more than a majority. But John P. Sears, managing the Reagan campaign, contends the former California governor will have more than 1,140 votes on the nomination roll call.

One of them is wrong; and the 2,259 delegates will determine which it is on Wednesday night, at the climactic moment of the 31st Republican convention when the delegates cast their votes in alphabetical order by states.

It will be the job of the Republican nominee to unite an almost evenly divided party and lead it in an uphill campaign to hold the White House against Democratic presidential nominee Jimmy Carter, runaway leader in the early public opinion polls.

While Ford and Reagan a contenders, the improbable w of Sen. James L. Buckley, a servative Republican from York, could affect the ou Buckley said his door is op that he hasn't decided whet become a presidential candid the convention.

Ford won major tests of st on Friday as a party com adopted his position on the P Canal and rejected Reagan tempts to criticize his African and his conduct of U.S.-Sovi lations. The delegates have th say on the committee's pla

The committee rejected 55 attempt by Reagan support make the party platform, vention statement of goal policy, oppose any negotiation Panama "which would ... rel U.S. sovereignty and contro the Panama Canal zone."

The Ford backers also co the committee to reject by vote a Reagan plank implyi ticism of the Ford Administ support of majority rule in The amendment would have on the U.S. to avoid policies undercut the stability of nations through unrealistic practical demands."

Ford forces beat back an to toughen platform langu detente with the Soviet Un well as a Reagan attempt t criticism of what his forc as the President's failure to Soviet author Alexander nitsyn to the White Hou year.

Republican M-E plank

(Continued from page one)

the last two fiscal years as a result of Republican initiatives" — a point that President Ford and his American Jewish supporters have made on several recent occasions in an apparent effort to win support among Israel's many supporters here.

"Our efforts have succeeded for the first time since the creation of the State of Israel in moving toward a negotiated peace settlement which would serve the interest and the security of all nations in the Middle East," the plank said.

Regarding America's relations with the Arab world, the statement said: "At the same time, Republican administrations have succeeded in reestablishing communications with the Arab countries and have made extensive progress in our diplomatic and commercial relations with the more moderate Arab nations."

In its opening paragraph, the draft platform on the Middle East says: "The preservation of peace and stability in the Middle East is a paramount concern. The efforts of two Republican administrations summoning diplomatic and political skills have been directed toward reduction of tensions and toward avoiding flashpoints which could serve as an excuse for yet another round of conflict between Israel and the Arab countries."

The draft Middle East plank also made these other points:

- The U.S. will view any renewed attempt by the Arab states to reimpose an oil embargo "as an essentially hostile act. We will oppose discriminatory practices of any type including boycotts of any type," it said in a reference to the Arab economic boycott against Israel.
- The U.S. should "continue efforts to maintain the balance of power in the Mediterranean region. Our adversaries must recognize that we will not permit a weakening of our defences or any attempt to disturb valued alliance relationships in the eastern Mediterranean."
- The U.S. "will continue to support peace initiatives in the civil war in Lebanon." The said that "U.S. envoys eng precisely such an initiativ murdered and we express o row for their untimely des for all other dedicated gove employees who have bee elsewhere while in service country."
- The U.S. expects the Union "to implement the Nations declaration on huma and the Helsinki agreement guaranteed the conditions free inter-change of informat the right to emigrate, includi gration of Soviet Jews and who wish to join close r abroad." (The Democratic p also called for free emigrati did not make a specific r to Soviet Jews.) The Rep called for "the immediate all forms of harassment i imprisonment and military aimed at preventing such tion."

Interestingly, the section Soviet relations took a d tough line, noting that superpowers "remain id competitors." It said that not shrink from such a c rather we welcome the opp to demonstrate that our life is adherently preferabl gimentation and govern forced orthodoxy."

"America must take a fir to bring about liberalization gration policy in countries limit or prohibit free emi it said. "Governments whic the confidence of their peo have no fear of cultural, in or press freedom."

The platform also condem malicious attempts to depi ism as a form of racism" United Nations and other tional organizations. "Stea techniques for advancing minatory actions will be o it said. A strong statem nouncing international terror also included.

Fear turns Kampala into a ghost town

By DIAL TORGERSON
The Los Angeles Times

NAIROBI. — Idi Amin's Uganda is today a place of chaos and fear.

The "Los Angeles Times" learned from a reliable source who has just returned here from Uganda that:

- Amin is facing insurrection from almost half of his military forces. One-fourth of his men are under detention, as are virtually all of his top commanding officers.
- Students from Makerere University are being hunted throughout the country like criminals. Eighty were slaughtered in jail, 30 more on a river bank. More than 1,500 are in custody of Amin's police.
- Attacks on businessmen began last week, with many prominent men with import-export links arrested and feared dead. Professional people are slipping out of sight in Ugandan cities.
- Kampala, Uganda's capital, is turning into a ghost town. Perhaps 40,000 of the original 100,000 inhabitants remain. There's almost no civilian traffic. A few shops that display wares run the risk of being looted by soldiers.
- Transport has been virtually halted by police roadblocks, shortages of fuel, and lack of spare parts. There are only 142 buses left in all Uganda, only 15 in the eastern area where half the population lives.

And yet, according to the source, Amin is still in control — and even his enemies admire the guile with which he has countered opposition in his most desperate moments.

After the Israeli raid on Entebbe airport on July 4, for which he blamed neighbouring Kenya as a collaborator, Amin ordered his top officers to attack Kenya. A highly-placed military source said one of Amin's commanders said: "If you tell us to cross the border we will do so, and then we will lay down our arms. We have no fight with Kenya. It is your fight."

Amin, confronted by 18 of his top commanders, showed no anger but urged them to go to their homes and reconsider. When the officers reached their quarters they found them surrounded by forces loyal to Amin. These officers are still under house arrest.

Surrounded in their barracks at three major Uganda military installations are more than 7,000 troops Amin fears are disloyal. Most are members of the Lugbara ethnic group, mostly Christian, who are neighbours of Amin's mostly Moslem Kakwa tribesmen from the West Nile — who are now in control of the army. Some Kakwa captains have been promoted to colonel to replace the detained officers.

Amin is said to have slightly more than half of the approximately 30,000 soldiers and police in Uganda still on his side.

But not all the troops who oppose Amin are in custody — the Uganda field marshal lacks the soldiers to detain them all. Some disloyal troops oppose the detente agreement Uganda reached with Kenya on the grounds it would improve conditions and help Amin survive. Some are anxious to keep trouble stirred up between the two neighbouring East African countries. The first 30 petroleum tank trucks from Kenya began last week to bring the first fuel into Uganda since Kenya's economic blockade began in July. The troops who oppose Amin are said to be laying in wait for the Kenya drivers, and one is said already to have disappeared.

Even in provinces distant from Kampala, the search is continuing for Makerere University students wanted on suspicion of having opposed the Amin regime. Police raided the university campus in Kampala on August 3 and 4, rounding up students by the hundreds.

Foreign nationals were leaving the country any way they could. Most persons had difficulty taking anything with them because of the roadblocks which halt traffic on all main roads in Uganda. These roadblocks provide a ticklish problem for those who are stopped, for they must try to guess correctly whether the soldiers manning them are for or against Amin before answering critical questions. Their safety or survival often depends on how they respond.

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THIS WEEK at the TEL-AVIV MUSEUM

EXHIBITIONS

Tel Aviv Museum, 27 Sderot Shaul Hamelech

★ Arie Aroch — Itineraries, Forms — Zacks Hall

★ Benjamin Levy — Drawings and Prints — Graphics Hall

On Saturday, August 21, at 8.30 p.m., Benjamin Levy will be at the Museum, and will demonstrate the printing of copper etchings.

Helena Rubinstein Pavilion — closed for renovations.

FILM

Tuesday, August 17, at 8.30 p.m.: "Brief Vacation" by Vittorio de Sica — being screened during a film month presented by, and by courtesy of Swiss producer, Arthur Cohn.

Visiting hours: Sun., Mon., Wed., Thur. 10 a.m.—5 p.m. (Library 10 a.m.—4 p.m.). Tue., 10 a.m.—1 p.m.; 4—10 p.m. (Library 10 a.m.—1 p.m.; 4—7 p.m.). Fri., 10 a.m.—2 p.m. (Library 10 a.m.—1 p.m.), Sat. 7—11 p.m. The Museum is closed Saturday morning.

JOIN THE FRIENDS OF TEL AVIV MUSEUM

INVESTMENT AND DEVELOPMENT OF PAZ LIMITED

Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company will take place on September 19, 1976, at 10.00 a.m. at the offices of the Company, 4 Rehov Hagefen, Haifa.

Agenda:

1) Adoption of the necessary Special Resolutions for the increase of the share capital of the Company to IL60,000,000 by the creation of the following additional shares:
   1,500,000 Founders Shares of IL 10 each
   300,000 Ordinary Shares of IL100 each,
   so that the share capital, after this increase, shall be IL60,000,000, divided into 2,000,000 Founders Shares of IL10 each and 400,000 Ordinary Shares of IL100 each.
2) Adoption of a special Resolution for the amendment of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, that they may conform with the said increase in capital.

Holders of Ordinary Shares to Bearer are reminded that they will be entitled to participate and to vote at the above mentioned Extraordinary General Meeting if they deposit their certificates at the offices of the Company at least two days before the day fixed for the meeting.

S. Bar-Levav
Secretary

هكذا من الاصل

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Sept. 22, 1976

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INVESTMENT AND DEVELOPMENT OF PAZ LIMI

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Co will take place on September 19, 1976, at 10.30 a.m., at the offices Company, 4 Rehov Hagefen, Haifa.

Agenda:

(1) Report of the Directors.
(2) Approval of the Financial Accounts and Report of the Au to March 31, 1976.
(3) Approval of Cash Dividend distribution.
(4) Capitalization of the amount of IL2,138,500 out of the standing to the credit of the Capital Reserve and distri of such sum among the shareholders as bonus shares, rate of fifteen bonus shares for each one hundred shares
(5) Election of Directors.
(6) Appointment of Auditors and fixing of their remunera
(7) Miscellaneous.

Holders of Ordinary Shares to Bearer are reminded that they w entitled to participate and to vote at the above-mentioned General M if they deposit their certificates at the office of the Company at lea days before the day fixed for the meeting.

S. Bar-Levav
Secretary

eagan
ntion to

opinion polls.
While Ford and
contenders, the
of Sen. James L.
servative Republican
York, could affect
Buckley said his
that he hasn't decided
become a presidential
the convention.
Ford won major
on Friday as a
adopted his position
Canal and rejected
tempts to criticize his
and his conduct of
lations. The delegates
say on the committee
The committee rejected
attempt by Reagan
make the party platform
vention statement
policy, oppose any
Panama "which would
U.S. sovereignty and
the Panama Canal
The Ford backers
the committee to
vote a Reagan plank
ticism of the Ford
support of majority
The amendment would
on the U.S. to avoid
undercut the stability
nations through
practical demands."
Ford forces beat
to toughen platform
detente with the Soviet
well as a Reagan
criticism of what he
as the President's
Soviet author
nitsyn to the White
year.

M-E pla

civil war in Lebanon
said that "U.S.
precisely such an
murdered and we
row for their
for all other dedicated
employees who
elsewhere while in
country."

● The U.S.
Union "to implement
Nations declaration

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March
ept. 22, 1976

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March
Army
Zahal

EVELOPMENT OF
nnual General Mee

Arab regimes to fall with Tel el-Zaatar

he Palestine Liberation Organi-
ion, which usually talks big, has
dged that the weekend's fall of
strategic Tel el-Zaatar camp to
Christians will mark the fall of
number of Arab regimes. The vow
s presumably made in retaliation
the failure of the Arab states to
ck the Syrians and the Christians
m dealing a severe blow to Leba-
's PLO-leftist alliance, whose
kbone was indeed broken by the
of Tel el-Zaatar.

ow that its military and poli-
l credibility has been shattered,
PLO is seen incapable of doing
h to carry out its pledge. It is
e likely to try to salvage its cre-
lity by resorting to stepped-up
orism in the world at large, as
the case with last week's attack
an El Al plane in Istanbul and
earlier hijacking of an Air

The Week In Review

By ANAN SAFADI

nce plane to Entebbe. Judging
n the present state of affairs
ain the PLO, the world com-
ity would err in assuming that
er the Jews or the Israelis are
only targets.

he fall of Tel el-Zaatar left the
with two alternatives. First,
capitulate to the Syrians who
d to spread their country's he-
ony over Lebanon through the
istrians, as well as Moslems, ra-
than through an uncontrollable
defiant PLO-leftist alliance.
nd, to abandon Lebanon. If they
e Lebanon, as they did Jordan
years ago, the PLO's future
olution" might be expected to
ate in the next largest concen-
on of Palestinians elsewhere in
Arab world—the oil-rich Gulf
states. In addition to Libya,
would be more than ready to

* * *

e irony was that Egypt also
d vengeance for the fall of Tel
atar. PLO radicals do not ex-
Egypt from their "revolu-
ry" campaign despite their
rs' current flirtation with
.

statement by an official govern-
spokesman yesterday said that
fall of Tel el-Zaatar "marks
ing but the fall of the Syrian
thist regime." This put Cairo
open confrontation with Da-
cus.

dat's Egypt is already in open
lict with neighbouring Libya,
the border confrontation there
ains explosive.

a matter of fact, President
t has been recently associating
elf closer and closer with the
while showing his anger at
ybody else. He is cross with
Soviet-oriented Arab regimes
h he suspects of mounting a
aign against him. He is dis-
inted with the Western-affiliated
ch Arab states for failing to
Egypt more money. He is even
y with the U.S., which he has
sed of masterminding most of
current inter-Arab rifts in order
lit the Arab region with the
of dominating it. He has ac-
Moscow of the same thing.
dat also faces mounting unrest
n his own country. His critics
he is trying to divert attention
past pledges to press for a
ion to the Middle East conflict,
aul Egypt's economic situation
reform its political institutions.
harade, say the critics. And
's pledge to revenge Tel el-
r was unlikely to help him
me the political unrest and
tension which have broken
n his own doorstep.

Lebanon — a battleground for Arab hegemony

YESTERDAY'S FRIEND, TOMORROW'S ENEMY?

LONDON. — IF ANYTHING, the Syrian intervention in the Lebanon has proved once again that in Arab politics nothing can be taken for granted. Friends of yesterday can be the enemies of tomorrow, and vice versa. Even now all is not lost between Syria and the Palestinians or between Syria and Egypt. The Americans might have gained ground from the Russians, but the Russians can still make a comeback if they succeed in patching up the differences between their two strong allies — the Syrians and the Palestinians — and in establishing a "rejection front" in the Arab world. But there is little doubt that it would be a gargantuan task.

The Syrian offensive in Lebanon was sparked off by several factors. It was a direct result of the failure of the leftists and rightists there to agree on a solution between themselves. It was due to Syrian fears of a partition in Lebanon that would have affected the whole region — despite the fact that a *de facto* partition has already taken place. But more significantly, Syria's military intervention was prompted by fear that the joint leftist-Palestinian forces might score an overwhelming victory that would eventually involve Syria in a premature war with Israel. War was the last thing that the Ba'athist regime in Damascus wanted at present.

There would have been little surprise in the Arab world had Syria's offensive been launched against the right-wing Christian forces. That would have fallen in with Syria's long-accepted policy of acting as the main advocate of progressive, leftist and Palestinian forces in the Arab world. The paradox was that Syria's move was against these same forces. It was an unexpected change of policy that caught all the parties by surprise — most of all the Syrians themselves. It was such a complete turn-about.

But for Syria it was a question of priorities. A regime in Beirut more progressive and leftist than the one in Damascus could pose a serious threat to the existence of the Ba'athist leadership in Syria, not even considering that a leftist-Palestinian regime could drag Syria into a war with Israel.

For the Syrians, the military intervention came as a diversion to the regional plan they were trying to implement in stages. This plan revolved around Syria's attempt to establish a strong Eastern Front, under Syrian domination, that could stand as a deterrent against Israel. This front would include Syria, Jordan and the Palestinians, as well as Iraq. Assad thought that once that front has been established, he would have a trump card for bargaining at both Arab and international levels.

Up to that point, the regional plan had been quite successful. The

By RAPHAEL CALIS

establishment of a joint military and political command with the Palestinians went a long way although it had not been much publicised. Syria's gradual merger with Jordan was also being pushed through. The only remaining obstacle was Iraq, where a rival branch of the Ba'ath Party was in power.

Difference between the two countries have arisen in the past over such issues as the distribution of the Euphrates Dam water and Iraq's halting of pumping oil through Syrian territory, leading to further losses to the shaky Syrian economy.

It happened that Syria's regional plan in establishing an alliance of forces on the Eastern front suited the interests of the Soviet Union, which had been suffering one setback after another in the Arab world. There was the success of Kissinger's step-by-step diplomacy ending in the Sinai agreement. They had been expelled from Egypt, losing naval facilities there. They were even apprehensive as one of their strongest allies, Iraq, slowly opened up to the West. The Kremlin saw in the Syrian plan a chance to re-establish its foothold in the Arab world.

That is why the Soviets are now disappointed with the role Syria played in Lebanon independently.

Syria's recently-improved relations with the U.S. proved useful. Assad's venture could only have been successful if the U.S. and Israel understood his objectives. There was no reason for doubt in this respect. Assad was doing a job for Israel by taming the Palestinians and his Lebanese intervention was not against the interests of peace in the region — a major U.S. concern at the present stage.

Yet despite the Syrian confrontation with the Palestinians, Assad left some options open. Even while tightening his grip over Lebanon, he was still negotiating with countries like Libya and Algeria about the possibility of establishing a so-called "rejection front" in the Arab world. Judging by its ambivalent role in Lebanon, Libya was equally interested. The Libyans would do anything to dampen Sadat's influence and in Syria they had always seen a strong force. They did not want the Lebanese conflict to thwart their efforts — hence their flirting with both the Syrians and the Palestinians.

There was little doubt that if Assad was to go ahead with such a project, which coincides with his plan for a strong Eastern Front, he would have it only under his own terms. For Assad had another bargaining position with the rejectionists. He could always threaten to patch up his differences with President Sadat.

Today's friend can be tomorrow's enemy. Today's enemy can be tomorrow's friend. (WFS)

Future of PLO is at stake

BEIRUT. — IF LEBANON, with its cafe talk-shops and earnest intellectuals, was once the despised playground of the Arab world, it has now become the battleground where leading contenders for Arab hegemony are wrestling with one another for influence there.

On the outcome of this complex and often clandestine struggle depends the future shape not only of Lebanon, but of the Palestine Liberation Organization, Syria, the balance of power in the Arab world, and Middle East peace.

The outside state most directly involved is, of course, Syria, which sent its troops into Lebanon in early June after months of extensive political intervention. Palestinians and Israelis are for once agreed: that the main Syrian aim was to hammer the PLO in Lebanon and bring them under the same kind of control as they are under in Syria itself. Nothing which the Syrians have done in Lebanon runs counter to this view, and PLO political department chief Farouk Kaddoumi told me recently that he believed the Syrians were behind the Lebanese crisis from the outset with this in mind.

The successful taming of the Palestinians would allow the Arab states to go to peace with Israel with the main obstacle — the PLO — stuck in a matchbox in the Syrian pocket. But for a variety of reasons — the collapse of Syria's "Sa'eka" Trojan Horse in Beirut and other cities, the political limits on Syrian military action, and internal, Arab and international pressures — success has so far eluded the Syrians.

Syrian army tanks patrol near the Lebanese mountain resort town of Zahleh. (AP radiophoto)

Not the least of these factors was opposition from the Arab states — and particularly the Egyptian-Saudi alliance. Although the Palestinians firmly believe that these states too would like to see them cut down to size in the interests of a *pax*

By JIM MUIR

americana in the Middle East, there are signs that Cairo and low-profile Riyadh are seriously opposed to what they see as Syria's attempt to boost itself into a strong independent bargaining position by controlling the Palestinians and dominating a local power bloc comprising Lebanon, Syria, Jordan and a West Bank satellite.

Egypt opposition has been expressed tangibly by sizeable supply consignments, including arms — to the Palestinians, as well as by strong political blasts against Syria from Cairo. Ironically, Egypt's pro-Palestinian, anti-Syrian propaganda has been much more virulent than that of Libya, although Cairo is regarded as conservative and pro-American while Libya is the most active of the Arab radicals. This is because Libya has been trying from the outset to wean Damascus away from its apparent trend towards joining the Saudi-Egyptian axis, which itself has virtually declared war on Libya after the recent abortive coup attempt in Sudan.

Libya — and the Soviet Union, which is playing a very similar role — had apparently lost out a few weeks ago when a Syrian-Egyptian reconciliation was staged in Riyadh. The Palestinians too regarded this as a blow to their hopes of winning back an important strategic ally. "We have won the battle with Syria, and lost the battle for Syria," one Palestinian sagely remarked.

But in Arab politics nothing is that simple. Syria is still playing its own game, and the recent Damascus "agreement" with the PLO bore witness to that. Negotiated with heavy involvement by Libyan Premier Abdul-Salam Jalloud, the agreement entrenched Syria's conflict with Egypt by slamming the Sinai agreement, and was described by one Beirut newspaper as "a Syrian-Libyan blow to Egypt."

Even if the Damascus agreement is stillborn because of Palestinian and Lebanese leftist opposition, as now seems likely, it will have benefited the Palestinians by aggravating the Syrian-Egyptian animosity, thus boosting the Palestinians' only real and permanent ally in the Arab world today — the contradictions between the Arab regimes themselves. (Ofns)

Egypt arms, while Cairo runs to seed

CAIRO. — EGYPT'S BIGGEST economic casualty is its capital, Cairo, a city of eight-million persons with public services adequate for one-fourth that many, pervaded by an aura of almost total neglect. A poor country's desire to maintain a rich man's military budget has claimed many victims within its largest city.

Street fires caused by poorly kept-up, frayed wires on city tram lines are not an uncommon sight. Even in first-class hotels like the el-Nil and Cleopatra, an antiquated municipal plumbing system means no water for a few hours on many days. Buses are so overcrowded that after the initial station they rarely bother to stop at the others. As a result, most inner city travel is done with taxis, which though cheap are also in short supply. Night-time power blackouts occur at least once a week in Cairo suburbs. Building interiors are rarely decorated and government bureacrats are surrounded by peeling, bile green walls and broken windows and stairwells.

Air conditioning can only be found in foreign embassies, airline offices and expensive hotels.

Even New York city streets aren't as pockmarked with craters as those of the Egyptian capital. Cairo, which contains more artistic treasures than any other Arab capital, is in the worst position to maintain them. The city's eastern sector is jammed with mosques representing

Cairo, the farther you go the nicer the city looks. (Eupra-Israel photo)

By ROBERT D. KAPLAN

Special to The Jerusalem Post

the apex of Fatimid and Mamluke architecture, all of which are covered with soot on chipped facades. Referring to the 9th century Ibn Toulon mosque, an American political scientist remarked, "If they would only clean it..."

The old part of Cairo, better known as the City of the Dead, a panoramic expanse of medieval mausoleums holding the graves of Mamluke rulers, is completely inhabited by poor Egyptians who have turned the architecturally outstanding area into a slum. As a result, it is not part of the itinerary of government tours. The Coptic churches and the 700-year-old Ben Ezra synagogue are in better condition however.

Probably the greatest artistic victims of a sagging economy are the 100,000 Pharaonic objects in Cairo's Egyptian Museum. The treasures are crowded into an old building of inadequate size with lighting so poor that tour guides advise visitors to bring pocket flashlights along.

The English language daily, the "Egyptian Gazette," admitted that 80 per cent of the nation's peasantry suffer from eye disease and bilharzia, an illness caused by parasites in irrigation canals. And Cairo streets are never void of "fellahin" (peasants) from nearby villages.

Egypt's poverty can be gauged by the frequent use of the word "baksheesh" (alms, tip). While inconsequential services like opening a cab door are done in other Arab capitals without mention of a tip, not so in Cairo. In North Africa, only in Moroccan cities are the streets as rife with beggars as Cairo's.

The best maintained sections of Cairo are those with large foreign populations, like Heliopolis, Garden City, Zamalek and Maadi. Their roads are well-paved and lined with specialty shops including Wimpy's and Colonel Sanders Kentucky Fried Chicken, recently opened by a Kuwait businessman.

In the hot, humid summer, most foreigners and well-off Egyptians leave the city for Alexandria or go abroad. At that time, city sanitary conditions are unsatisfactory, according to an editorial in the "Egyptian Gazette." Only late at night, when the streets are clear of traffic jams and uncollected garbage is hard to see, does the city appear pleasant, especially by the Nile lined with multi-colored neon lights from nightclubs and hotels.

Thinking East, West or both

THE QUESTION of how to free themselves and their society from the fetters of what they variously call the West's "cultural imperialism" or "mental invasion" has exercised the minds of many Arab writers and intellectuals in recent years. Many argue that now that the Arabs have finally managed to liberate their lands from the political and economic dominance of the West, they must try to do away with the cultural, psychological and intellectual manifestations of that dominance.

There are those who argue that the break with the West should be total, since there is an intrinsic and irreconcilable difference between the culture of the West and that of the Moslem Arabs. Others have suggested that, since much of what is now taken to be Western culture owes its origin and flowering to heavy borrowing from Arab and Islamic culture in the Middle Ages, such a break would be unnatural and harmful. Finally, there are those who advocate full-scale Westernization as the only way to meet the challenge of the West — and of Israel which is a part of it.

Most of the Arab writers and scholars who tackle the subject can be said to belong to the group which neither totally rejects nor accepts the West and its ways. Dr. Mohammed Husni Abbas, an Egyptian professor presently teaching commercial and maritime law at the University of Kuwait, is a good example. Writing last month in a Kuwaiti periodical on the Arabs' "Road to the Era of Technology," he did not bother to go into the pros and cons of borrowing from, or even imitating, the West, but took it for granted that in order to get anywhere the Arabs must emulate the West.

"We are," Dr. Abbas wrote, "a nation possessing all the requisites of progress — money, raw materials, scientists. All we need is to openly and seriously tackle the subject of our backwardness... *so as* to discover the real reasons for this state of affairs. This is the first step in any scientific enterprise." He goes on to point out that after diagnosis comes prescription and after that the government must furnish the tools required for the healing to be successful.

According to Dr. Abbas, technology is everything. To stress this point, he asserts that Israel is most seriously concerned with the question of what to do when the Arabs progress technologically. He then cites the Arab defeat in the Six Day War and their gains in the Yom Kippur War as proof that the Arabs can be ingenious and inventive, and he concludes: "Thus it becomes obvious that our fate and the fate of our civilization both depend on technology. Our destiny is linked with technology in every respect — the economic, the scientific, the practical, the military and the political. This is the main problem facing the Arab nation today..."

ONE OF THE yardsticks used by Dr. Abbas in attempting to show

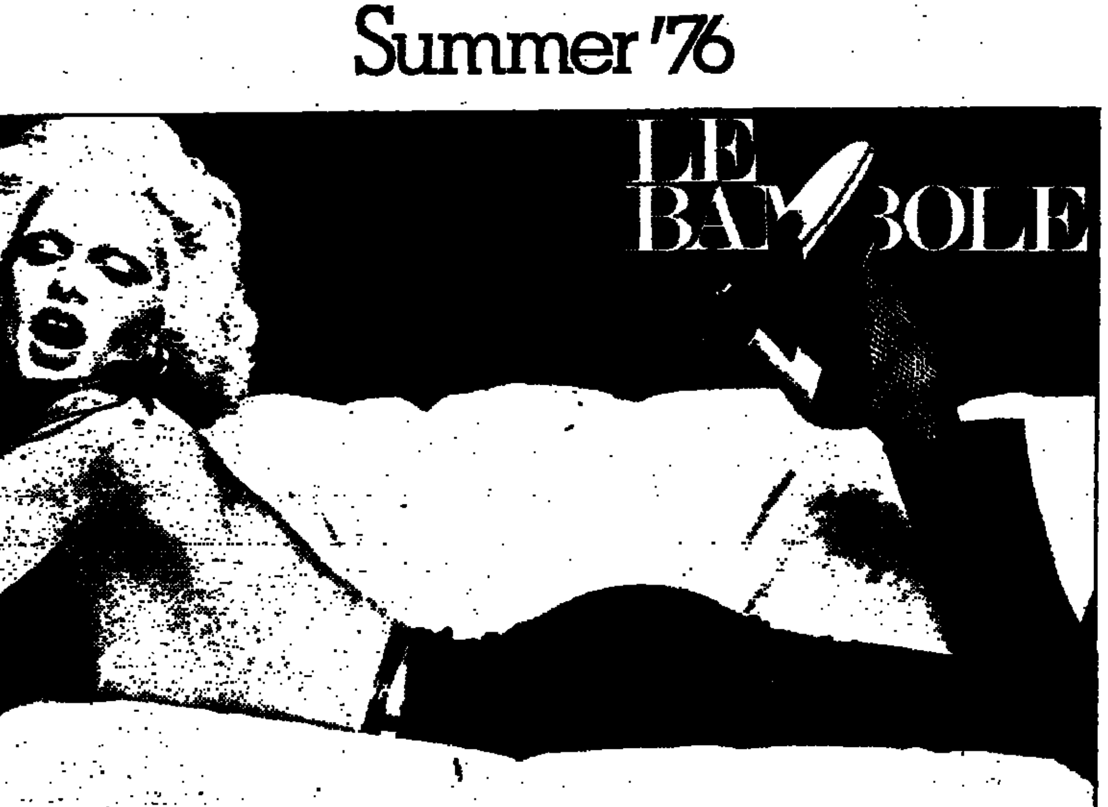
By NISSIM REJWAN

Special to The Jerusalem Post

how backward contemporary Arab civilization is, interestingly enough, the number of inventions registered by Arab scientists. According to his figures, only 147 Arab patents were registered in 1974 — compared to 50,642 in the U.S., 41,070 in the U.S.S.R., 30,873 in Japan, and so on.

What then is to be done? Dr. Abbas is convinced that basic reforms and legislation are needed, and only governments can introduce them. The laws governing industrial ownership need to be changed. Scientific research should be encouraged and current procedures modified. New legislation governing the registration and safeguarding of patents is needed as is a basic review of educational policies. And Arab governments should abide by the Paris Agreement pertaining to the protection of industrial property, the Washington Treaty of international cooperation in the field of industrial protection, and the Strasbourg Agreement on the registration of patents and inventions.

Almost all the reforms demanded by Dr. Abbas are legislative ones. Indeed, he goes so far as to claim that "regulating the transition to the era of technology is a legislative-economic problem; it is the legislators who are to blame for our technological backwardness — and no one can open the way of the legislators towards the era of technology except the State, since the whole problem pertains to legislative and administrative reform."



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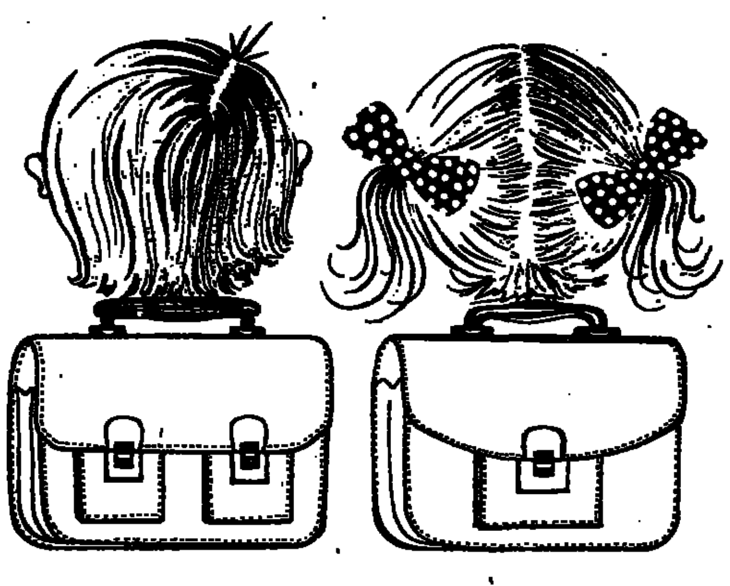

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Tue., Aug. 17 6.00 & 8.30 p.m. — ART FILM CLUB "Forty Carats" (U.S.A., 1973) by Milton Katselas, with Liv Ullman, Edward Albert, Gene Kelly. Comedy based on a French farce. Very successful on Broadway. A divorcee in her forties falls in love with a man of twenty.

Thur., Aug. 19 3.30 p.m. — YOUTH WING FILM CLUB (for children of 6 years and up) "Tom Thumb" (U.S.A.)

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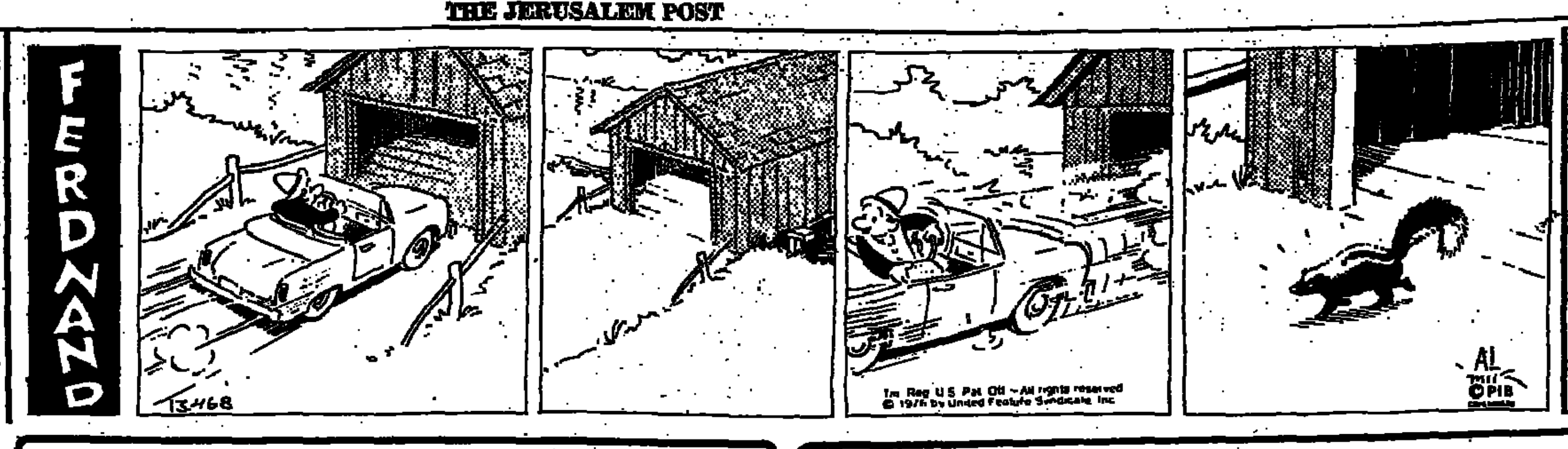
THE HAMBURG STATE-OPERA BALLET
ISRAEL: SEPTEMBER 21-30
Information: Tel Aviv: Union, 118 Rehov Dizengoff, Tel. 248518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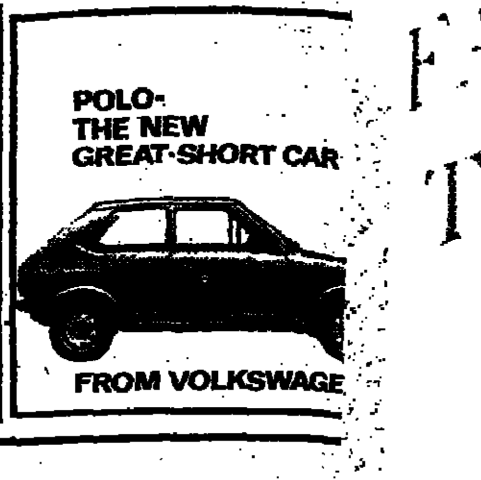

ENTERTAINMENT

TELEVISION

EDUCATIONAL: 16.00 Handiwork 16.15 English for fifth-graders. 16.30 New Voices: music programme presenting young talent. 17.00 Literary Programme: Oedipus, part one.

CHILDREN'S PROGRAMMES: 17.30 Programme for kindergarteners
18.00 Summer Vacation: Film on a young boy from an immigrant transit camp in Naf Yam

ARABIC-LANGUAGE programmes:
18.30 News roundup
18.32 Lassie
19.00 Documentary
19.30 News and weekly magazine

HEBREW PROGRAMMES resume at 20.00 with Youth magazine
20.30 All in the Family: Gloria's shock
21.00 Mabat newsreel
21.30 Second Look: Programme of news background and analysis
22.00 Michelangelo: A three part *Italian series (Hebrew subtitles)* on the life of the artist. With Gian Maria Volonte, Fosco Giachetti and Augusto Mastrantoni
23.25 News

JORDAN TV (unofficial): 17.15* Cartoon. 17.30* Apple's Way. 18.30* News in Hebrew. 19.00 News in Arabic. *19.30 Shirley's World starring Shirley* MacLaine. 20.00 Sports magazine. 20.10 Marcus Welby. 21.00 News in English. 21.15* Mannix.

* Shows with asterisks are also on JTV 3.

CINEMAS

TEL AVIV : 4.30, 7.15, 9.30

Allenby: Odd Couple; **Ben Yehuda:** Next Stop Greenwich Village; **Cinema Two:** L'Important C'est D'almer 10, 12, 2, 4.30, 7.30, 9.30; **Cinerama:** Paint Your Wagon 6.30, 9.15; **Cinema One:** Lupo Goes to New York 4.30, 7.30, 9.30; **Chen:** The Missouri Breaks 4.30, 7, 9.30; **Dekel:** Robin and Marian 7.15, 9.30; **Esther:** Slipper and the Rose 4, 7. 9.30; **Gat:** To Be or not To Be; **Drive-in Cinema:** Tarzan Escapes 7.15; Partisan 9.30; **Gordon:** Alice in Wonderland 3.30, 5.30, 7.30; **Ophir:** Vigilant force; **Maxim:** Les Fous De Stade; **Hod:** Shout at the Devil 4.30, 7, 9.30; **Limor:** East of Eden; **Mograbi:** Kuni Leml in Tel Aviv; **Orly:** Beautiful People 4.30, 7.30, 9.30; **Paris:** The Story of Adele H 10, 12, 2, 4, 7.15, 9.30; **Peer:** One Flew Over the Cuckoo's Nest 4, 7, 9.30; **Ramat Aviv:** The Graduate 7.15, 9.30; **Royal:** Joe; **Studio:** Just A Woman; **Tchelet:** Pygmalion; **Tel Aviv:** Blazing Magnum; **Zafon:** Taxi Driver 4.30, 7.10, 9.30.

JERUSALEM 4, 7, 9

Arnon: Alice in Wonderland 3.30, 5.30, 7.30; **Chen:** Les Fous de Stade; **Eden:** The Missouri Breaks; **Edison:** Roti 4, 6.45, 9; **Habirah:** Exodus 4, 8; **Jerusalem:** Brief Encounter; **Orgil:** Kuni Leml in Tel Aviv 3, 5, 7, 9; **Orion:** The Man Who Would Be King 4, 6.45, 9; **Orna:** Taxi Driver 4, 6.45, 9; **Ron:** Beautiful People; **Mitchell:** One Flew Over the Cuckoo's Nest 6.45, 9.3.

HAIFA 4, 6.45, 9

Amphitheatre: Sky Riders; **Armon:** The Missouri Breaks 4, 6.30, 9; **Atzmon:** Just A Woman; **Chen:** From *Russia with Love;* **Miron:** *The Invincible Boss;* **Orah:** Kuni Leml in Tel Aviv; **Meriah:** La Rivale; **Orion:** The Love of a Cop; **Orly:** Sweet Movie; **Peer:** *One Flew Over the Cuckoo's* Nest 4, 6.30, 9; **Ron:** Lupo Goes to New York; **Shavit:** La Planete Sauvage 6.45, 9;

RAMAT GAN 7.15, 9.30

Armon: Jaws; **Oasis:** West Side Story 6, 9; **Hadar:** Kuni Leml in Tel Aviv 4, *7.15, 9.30;* **Ordea:** *Lupo Goes* to New York 4, 7.15, 9.30; **Rama:** La Maison Des Filles Perdues; **Lili:** Le Sauvage; **Ramat Gan:** Romeo, and Juliet;

PETAH TIKVA

Shalom: White Line Fever 7.30, 9.30

HERZLIYA

Tifferet: On The Waterfront 7.15, 9.30; **David:** Breakheart Pass 4, 7, 9.15;

NETANYA

Esther: Beautiful People 4.30, 7, 9.15.

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ON THE AIR

First Programme

7.05 Morning concert — Frescobaldi: Canzones for Trumpet, Basson and *Harpsichord; Dowland; Ayres* (Deller); Rameau: Suite (Ettlinger-Saltzman); Bach-Vivaldi: Concerto for Four Harpsichords; Purcell: Suite from the Fairy Queen; *Mozart:* Symphonie Concertante for Four Wind Instruments; Hadyn: Summer from The Seasons (Karl Boehm); Prokofiev: Lieutenant Kije Suite, Op. 60
10.15 Songs
10.40 Radio Story: "Luna" by Yehuda Burla
11.15 Songs and melodies
12.05 Alexander Braginsky, piano — Scarlatti: 2 Sonatas; Stravinsky: Italian Suite for Cello and Piano (Tania Remenik). Mendelssohn: Variations Serieuses, Op. 54; Schumann: Sonata in F Minor, Op. 22
13.00 Ibert: Capriccio; Gounod-Wieniawski: Fantasy on Themes from Faust (Leonid Cogan); Drigo: Le Reveil de Flore
15.01 Programme on the Judenrat, a body heading a Jewish community, appointed by the German occupying authorities during World War II, which was responsible for the enforcement of Nazi orders. With Chaika Grossman, M.K.; Dr. Yitzhak Arad; Dr. Israel Guttman
15.50 Lesson in spoken Arabic
15.55 Notes on a new book
16.05 (Stereo): Bach: Cantata No. 168; Rheinberger: Star of Bethlehem
17.15 (Stereo): Profile of a Composer — Karlheinz Stockhausen
18.05 "Flute in the Water" — on Claude Debussy (Ada Brodtzky)
20.45 Yardena Alotin: Cello Sonata *(Drabinsky);* Menahem Avidom: Symphony No. 7 (The Israel Philharmonic)
21.30 Reflections on the portion of the week with Prof. Yeshayahu Leibowitz
22.05 (Stereo): Bruckner: Symphony No. 2 in C Minor (Carl Maria *Giulini); Brahms: Piano Concerto* No. 2 (Emil Gilels-Eugen Jochum)
23.58 Programme announcements

Second Programme

14.10 Popular songs
15.05 Foreign language hit parade (until 18.00)
18.05 Hassidic songs
18.43 Sports commentary
19.00 People and events in the news
19.47 Bible Reading: Job 21, 22
20.05 Golden Watch Club — on the world of retirement
21.05 Jazz corner
21.55 On Jews and Judaism
22.05 *"At the Beginning" — Selections* from the first Nahal singing troupe. With Yossi Banai, Yona Atari, Esther Greenberg, Geula Gil, *Dubi Seltzer, Gideon Shemer, Moshe* Timor, Oded Kotler and Illy Gorlitzki

Army Radio

7.07 On drivers and traffic: reports from police positions, features on transportation, quizzes, information on tours of the country
10.05 Songs
12.05 Special requests
12.45 Fifteen Minutes — a brief survey of current events in Israel and around the world
13.05 Songs
14.05 Sports magazine
16.55 David Kochav's political corner
*18.05 Magazine on man and his en*vironment: reports on the beaches: camping in Israel
18.35 Needle in a record stack — new *record acquisitions*
19.53 Yoram Bronowski talks about the first American best-seller
20.05 Songs and comedy skits by request
20.55 "Headline" — international news
21.05 Family Album — talk with the *Levy family, including Levi Yitzhak* Hayerushalmi, journalist and Yehoshua Levy, former Histadrut Treasurer
*22.05 An hour of light music with Gi*deon Lev-Ari
00.05 Night birds—classical music with Ram Evron

REGULAR DAILY BROADCASTS

First Programme

10.15-10.35; 11.15-11.35 Programmes for Schools.
13.55 Music programme an*nouncements.*
14.10 Stories for children.
15.05 A moment for Hebrew grammar.
17.55 Notes on agriculture
00.10 Informal discussion

Second Programme

6.00 Prayer and Mishna reading.
6.10 Gymnastics.
6.55 Programme announcements.
6.59 A moment for Hebrew grammar.
8.10 Popular tunes (until 10.00)
7.53 Driving tips
10.05 Here at Home — songs, interviews on topics assumed to be of interest to women
12.05 Productive Pace — for workers and employers.
12.30 Hebrew songs
18.45 Today's sports.
01.05 A moment of poetry.

Army Radio

5.03 Popular music (until 6.55)
5.58 Prayer
6.55 Gymnastics.
7.05 *Songs and messages from* soldiers (until 10.00)
10.05 Popular music (until 12.00)
3.05 Insomnia

FOREIGN LANGUAGE SELECTIONS

English
7.00 (Fourth, Fifth) 15 minutes, including review of Hebrew press
14.00 (Fourth, Fifth) 30 min.
18.00 (Fourth) 5 min.
20.00 (Fourth) 15 min.
22.00 (Fifth) 30 min.
00.30 (Fifth) 30 min.

French
7.15 (Fourth, Fifth) *15 min.,* including review of Hebrew press
14.30 (Fourth, Fifth) 30 min.
18.05 (Fourth) 5 min.
20.15 (Fourth) 15 min.
22.30 (Fifth) 25 min.
24.00 (Fifth) 30 min.

Yiddish 19.30 (First) 30 min.
Hungarian 19.15 (Fifth) 15 min.
Saturdays (First) 30 min.
Rumanian 20.30 (First) 15 min.
Russian 18.45 (First) 15 min. Sun-Fri.
Georgian 19.15 (First, Fifth) 15 min.
Ladino 20.00 (First, Fifth) 15 min.
Mugrabi 20.15 (First, Fifth) 15 min.

NEWS COMMENTARY

Second Programme: Following the news at 7 a.m. 1 p.m. and 7 p.m.
Army Radio: Following the 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. news and at 11.40 p.m.

EASY HEBREW BROADCASTS

15 minutes of news and features twice daily. First Programme — 11.35 a.m. and 7 p.m.

TRAVEL INFORMATION

FLIGHTS

This schedule is subject to change without prior notice. Readers are advised to call Ben-Gurion Airport Flight Information, (03) 971461-2-3 (or 03-299444 for El Al flights only) for changes in times of Arrivals and Departures.

Sunday

Arrivals
0200 EL AL 574 Bucharest
0635 Air France 193 Hongkong Bangkok, Delhi, Teheran
1155 EL AL 572 Bucharest
1300 Alitalia 738 Rome
1305 Air France 134 Paris
1350 Austrian 711 Vienna
1400 EL AL 364 Teheran
1435 Lufthansa 634 Frankfurt
1455 KLM 531 Amsterdam
1545 THY 824 Istanbul
1555 Karair 3133 Helsinki
1605 TWA 806 New York, Paris
1615 SAS 851 Copenhagen
1620 EL AL 348 Zurich
1700 *Air France 192 Paris*
1710 Cyprair 802 Larnaca
1735 TWA 810 Boston, Paris, Rome Athens
1805 Swissair 332 *Zurich*
1830 EL AL 016 New York, London
1845 British Air 484 London
1855 Olympic 301 Athens
1905 EL AL 336 *Rome*
1915 TWA 848 Chicago, Paris, Rome
1925 EL AL 358 Frankfurt
2020 Air France 136 Paris
2035 EL AL 324 Paris
2050 EL AL 316 London
2100 EL AL 542 Athens
2255 EL AL 322 Marseille

Departures
0430 EL AL 817 Amsterdam, Paris, New York
0540 EL AL 571 Bucharest
0550 TWA 849 Athens, Rome, Paris Chicago
0600 EL AL 363 Teheran
0620 TWA 811 Rome, Paris, Boston
0650 EL AL 137 Amsterdam, Montreal
0700 Swissair 333 Zurich
0710 EL AL 347 Zurich
0750 Air France 193 Paris
0840 Air France 139 Athens, Paris
0900 EL AL 323 Paris
0910 TWA 801 Paris, New York
0920 EL AL 315 London
0930 British Air 485 London
1000 EL AL 357 Frankfurt
1130 EL AL 385 Rome
1300 EL AL 015 London, New York
1400 Alitalia 739 Rome
1410 EL AL 321 Marseille
1420 Air France 135 Paris
1440 Austrian 712 Vienna
1525 Lufthansa 633 Munich, Frankfurt
1620 EL AL 541 Athens
1630 THY 825 Istanbul
1650 KLM 532 Amsterdam
1735 SAS 852 Copenhagen
1750 Karair 3134 Helsinki
1800 Cyprair 303 Larnaca
1815 Air France 192 Teheran Bombay, Bangkok

TRAINS

FROM JERUSALEM
to Tel Aviv: 11.16, 14.22, 17.45
to Bnei Brak, Haifa, Beersheba, Di
7.30, 16.30

FROM TEL AVIV
to Jerusalem: 7.30, 11.02, 14.18
to Haifa: 6.00, 7.00, X 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 12.00, 13.00, 14.00, X15.00, 16.00, 17.00, 19.00, 20.00
to Nahariya: X 8.00, 12.00, X 15.00,
to Beersheba: 6.36, 9.22, 12.30, 18.0
to Dimona: 9.22, 18.00

FROM HAIFA CENTRAL STATIO
to Jerusalem: 7.08, 15.50
to Tel Aviv: 5.58, 6.30, X 7.31, 8.1 *10.18, 11.36, 12.46, 14.08, X 15.12,* 17.07, 17.57, 19.15, 20.13
to Nahariya: 6.20, X 9.08, 15.17, 18.
to Beersheba and Dimona: 7.08, 15

FROM NAHARIYA
to Haifa: 5.44, 7.32, X 10.55, 14.2 19.26
to Tel Aviv: 5.44, 7.32, X 10.55, 1 17.15, 19.26
to Jerusalem, Beersheba, Dimona

FROM BEERSHEBA
to Tel Aviv: 6.59, 9.50, 15.00, 16.12
to Jerusalem and Haifa: 6.30, 15.4

FROM DIMONA
to Tel Aviv, Jerusalem, Haifa: 6.

X — express trains, without inter stops between Tel Aviv and Haifa.

GENERAL ASSISTANCE

HOSPITALS

Jerusalem: Hadassah (pediatrics, surgery ophthalmology), Shaare Zedek (internal, obstetrics).
Tel Aviv: Hadassah (internal, pediatrics, surgery).
Haifa: Rambam (all departments)
"Eran" Mental Health First Aid. Tel. Jerusalem, 69911, Tel Aviv, 261010.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

Jerusalem: Alba, 42 Yafo, 223703; Beit Hanina, Beit Hanina Rd., 854680.
Tel Aviv: Kikar Hamedina, 48 He-Beiyar, 258046; Fraenkel, 28 King George, 223721.
Holon: Tikva, Kikar Strima, 842428. **Bat Yam:** Ramat Yosef, commercial centre, 867951. **Ramat Gan:** Hen, 99 *Jabotinsky,* 794434. **Ramatayim:** Hasharon, Derech Hasharon, 052-21081. **Petah Tikva:** *Hayarkon, 24 Stampfer, 910946.* **Netanya:** Trufa, 2 Herzl, 28656.
Haifa: Massada, 30 Massada, 662987.
Beersheba: Assuta, Derech Hanessiim, *Merkaz Gilad Hadash.*

FIRST AID

Magen David Adom first aid centres are open from 8 p.m. to 7 a.m. Emergency home calls by doctor at fixed rates. Sick Fund members should enquire about rebate.

Phone numbers: Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa — 101. Dan Region (Ramat Gan, Bnei Brak, Givatayim, Kiryat Ono) — 781111.

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Ashkelon 23333

Bat Yam 863333
Beersheba 78333
Eilat 2333
Hadera 22333
Holon 843133
Nahariya 923333

Nazareth 542
Netanya 2333

Petah Tikva
Rehovot 951
Rishon LeZio
Safed 30333
Tiberias 2011

POLICE

Dial 100 in most parts of the cou Tiberias dial 22444; Kiryat Shmon

SUNSET-SUNRISE

Sunset 18.28; Sunrise tomorrow:

WHAT'S ON

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Jerusalem

MUSEUMS

Israel Museum Exhibitions: Contemporary American Prints; *Sequence in photography,* Yakov Rosenblatt; In the *footsteps of the early hunters;* Zvi Hecker "Polyhedric Architecture; Mesopotamia; *Archaeological Discoveries in Jewish* Quarter of Jerusalem, Second Temple. At Rockefeller: Roman Mosaic Pavement from Shechem, 3rd-4th cent. C.E.

Visiting hours: Israel Museum & Rockefeller: Sun., Mon., Wed., Thur., 10 a.m.-5 p.m. Tue. Shrine of the Book & Billy Rose Art Garden: 10 a.m.-10 p.m., Israel Museum 4 p.m.-10 p.m.; *Rockefeller:* Sun.-Thur., 10 a.m.-5 p.m.; Israel Museum & Rockefeller: Fri., Sat., 10 a.m.-2 p.m. Tickets for Saturdays must be purchased in advance at the Museum, ticket agencies throughout the country and at major hotels in Jerusalem. Library open: Sun., Mon., Wed., Thur. 10 a.m.-2 p.m.; Tue. 4-8 p.m.

FREE GUIDED TOURS (English) Sun. and Wed., 11 a.m., from upper entrance hall, main entrance.

CONDUCTED TOURS

Hadassah Tours

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2. Morning half-day tour of all Hadassah projects. $3 per person towards transportation. By reservation only: Tel. 416333.

Hebrew University, tours in English at 9 and 11 a.m. from Administration Building, Givat Ram Campus. Mount Scopus tours 11.30 a.m. from the Martin Buber Building. Buses 9 and 28, School of Education bus stop. Further details: Tel. 35430.

American Mizrahi Women, Guest Tours — Jerusalem — Tel. 521608, 222646.

SHOWS

Why Jerusalem? Special show, song, dance and slides. Every Monday and Thursday, 9 p.m., Assaf's Cave, Mt. Zion Entrance IL30.

A Stone in David's Tower, Sound and Light Show in Jerusalem. Every evening except Friday, 7.30 p.m. in Hebrew; 8.45 p.m. in English. Additional show at 10 p.m. — Mon., Tues., Wed., Sat., in English; Sun., Thur., in French. Tickets: Jerusalem agencies and Citadel box office (evenings). *Please* come warmly dressed.

MISCELLANEOUS

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Tel Aviv

MUSEUMS

Tel Aviv Museum, 27 Sderot Shaul Hamelech, Arie Aroch — Times, Places, Forms. Benjamin Levy, Drawings and Prints, Helena Rubinstein Pavilion, closed for redecoration. Visiting hours: Sun., Mon., Wed., Thur., 10 a.m.-5 p.m. (Library 10 a.m.-4 p.m.); Tue. 10 a.m.-1 p.m., 4-10 p.m. (Library 10 a.m.-1 p.m.; 4-7 p.m.); Fri. 10 a.m.-2 p.m. (Library 10 a.m.-1 p.m.); Sat. 7-11 p.m. only.

Ha'aretz Museum Tel Aviv

1) Museum Centre, Ramat Aviv; Glass Museum; Kadmon Numismatic Museum; Ceramics Museum; Museum of Science and Technology; Museum of Ethnography and Folklore; Alphabet Museum; Lasky Planetarium; Nechushtan Pavilion; Timna Excavations: Tel Quasile Excavations. Exhibition of ceramics by eight potters. Utilitarian and art objects, thrown on the wheel.

2) Museum of Antiquities of Tel Aviv-Yafo, 10 Rehov Mifratz Shlomo.

3) Museum of the History of Tel Aviv-Yafo, 27 Rehov Bialik.

All Museums open Sun.-Thur., 9 a.m.-4 p.m., Fri. 9 a.m.-1 p.m., Sat. 10 a.m. On Sat. admission free. Planetarium closed.

CONDUCTED TOURS

American Mizrahi Women. Guest Tours — Tel Aviv — Tel. 220187, 243106.

National Religious Women's Organization, Mizrachi Hapoel-Hamizrachi Women in Israel, 166 Rehov Ibn Gvirol, Tel Aviv, Tel. 03-440316, 03-788942. Jerusalem 02-30630. 02-811586.

World Wiso Tourist Office, 11 Hayarkon. Tel. 282939, 8 a.m.-2 p

Canadian Hadassah-Wizo Off Rehov Hayarkon. Tel. 227060, 8 a.

Pioneer Women — Moetzet Hapoa morning tours, Sunday, Tuesday day. By appointment; call Tel. 26 566, Tel Aviv.

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Ort Israel: For visits please cont Tel Aviv, Tel. 233231, 762291 Jerusalem, Tel. 233675; ORT Tel. 22932.

Tel Aviv University. Tours in leaving from the Public Relation ment, Administration Hill. For ment, call 03-412515/8.

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هكذا من الاصل

The 1977 American models will be shorter and lighter.

FAREWELL TO THE BIG CAR

By SIMON KENT

DETROIT. — ALL-AMERICAN automobile long bonnet and the capa- boot is about to take its final fter countless encores before a ng public most reluctant to go.

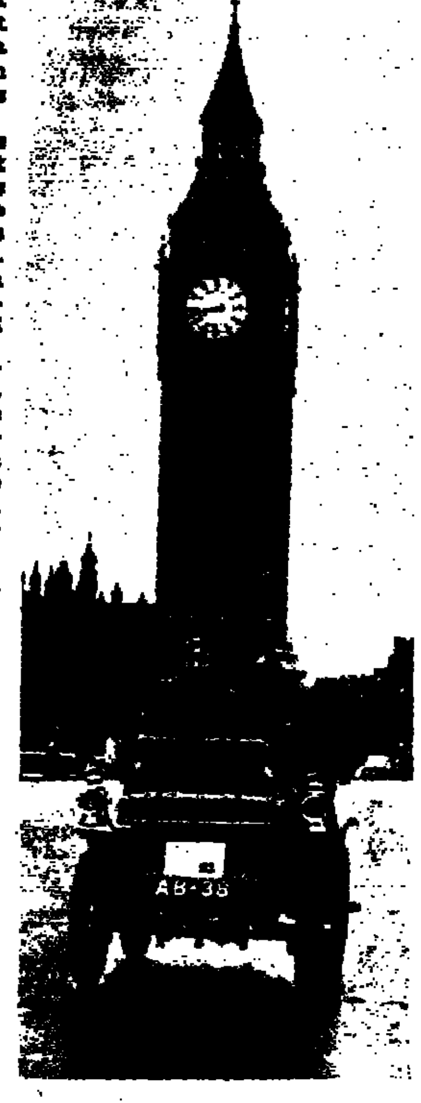
n the 1977 models come off ssembly lines in Detroit in a weeks' time they will all be r and weigh less. Top of the automobiles from General — whether Cadillacs, Pon- Buicks, Oldsmobiles or just Chevrolets — will have lost a foot in length and a nd pounds in weight. And in years the trend to smallness ontinue.

reaction of motorists to this oment has been to rush out y big models — while stocks While GM and Ford still have than enough Chevettes, Vegas intos to satisfy demand, nal ompany can keep pace with te at which dealers are tak- ders for large saloons and ines.

believes that one reason for dden demand for large auto- s is that the public realises not be able to buy big any In Cadillac, buying fever has d absurd proportions in the f the open top model, which ng phased out altogether. So people wanted the "last" c sports model that the com- made 500 of them, stamping automobile" on to the dash- Now the "last" models are sold dealer to dealer at double ok price of $13,000. The final is that the very last of the automobiles is being kept by r the museum.

e demand for large automo- s is high, both GM and Ford arge stocks of small vehicles ing unsold — Ford has been r dealer incentives of up to er model to help them get Pintos. But both of the top nited States auto companies the drift to smallness to e, even though the share of nall model sector of the has drifted from 55 to 60 t two years ago to 47 per w.

recognise there is going to continuing energy problem, have to gear our products sort of future," said Pete President and chief executive of GM. "Our customers maybe do not realise the situation, but our lifestyles are going to be governed by energy saving. We see small models moving up as high as 60 or 70 per cent of the market by 1985."


The coveted *Cadillac* may soon be following this antique model into the pages of history. (AP)

He pointed out that, in any case, the choice of product, large or small, will not be left entirely to customers' choice. Under fuel economy legislation GM's product line, sales-weighted, has to average 18 miles per gallon by 1978, 19 mpg. the year later, and 20 mpg. by 1980 — compared with an existing average of 16½ mpg.

Estes is confident GM will meet that target, but is extremely sceptical about further laws which plan for an average miles per gallon of 27½ by 1985. "We will not be able to achieve that by any technological improvement that we can even imagine," he said, adding that the only answer would be for the company to build only Chevettes (the GM T-car), and "six milllion Chevettes is an awful lot of them."

GM's boss has no doubt that long before then consumer resistance to too many small models will be heard, and the 27½ mpg. legislation will cost GM $2.5 billion a year over the next four years. By 1980 the corporation will have re-designed every one of its U.S. auto lines.

IT BEGAN last year with the Chevette, a four-seater hatchback produced at six of GM's overseas plants as well as in Detroit. In 1977 all GM's large models will be restyled, fitted with more efficient and economical engines, and built with a lighter, but tougher, steel which the company's technologists have produced.

In 1978 it will be the turn of the middle range to have the treatment, and the year after attention will turn to compacts.

The same pattern will be followed at GM's overseas plants in Latin America, and at fully owned subsidiaries such as Opel in Germany, Holden's in Australia and Vauxhall in Britain... the vehicles coming off the product lines in these countries will bear closer similarity to each other — both in style and engineering.

"World wide the requirements of our customers are coming together," said Estes. "The differences in size, the differences in features are diminishing. We are going to have to look at the sort of thing we have done with the Chevette, that is to take full advantage of the engineering in all our operations and combine them. We are going to move further and further in this direction."

The new models in the next few years are also likely to be conventional — although there will be a shift to more front wheel drive automobiles with petrol injection engines.

The rotary engine is no further ahead than a year ago. "We have made zero progress in the area of hydro-carbon emission," said Estes. At present hydro-carbon emissions are about 10 grams per mile compared with a piston engine of 2½ per cent, and this is proving a greater obstacle than fuel consumption, where GM engineers have managed to produce a reduction to within 5 per cent of piston engines.

Estes sees no prospect of GM producing Rotary models in the near future, and has ordered their development back into the research stage. "We haven't written it off yet, but we've absolutely no plans to produce."

Similar problems are being countered in turbine engines, though the problem there is not emissions but consumption. "We are continuing our development of the turbine engine. We have fixed a number of problems, such as the response of the throttle and performance, and we are not tremendously concerned about durability. The real problem is fuel economy, particularly at low speed and at idle, and we don't have that problem licked, but we are still continuing to move."

GM is now experiencing one of the best upswings in the corporation's history — its sales are 45 per cent ahead of last year, compared with an overall auto industry figure of 20 per cent. Profits should be good, but the changing of gear the industry is facing is likely to absorb much of the extra fat for several years to come. (Ofns)

Talking device creates 'secret society' of the road

ns Band two-way communi- radio, or CB for short, may dawn of a new era in com- tions. It is the fastest-grow- y medium in that field in the nce the telephone.

e past year CB has become nal phenomenon, with more en million sets in operation the country, most of them in nd trucks.

biggest use for CB is for y information: drivers warn- ch other of accidents, jams ten of police speed traps. A ation of American sociability and American love of electronic gadgetry, however, is turning what could be a life-saving boon into a noisy cult, a kind of secret society of the road, with its own language, music and mores.

Last year, the Federal Communications Commission, which must attempt to regulate the CB scene, received more than 30,000 complaints, ranging from interference with TV reception to channels jammed with streams of profanity.

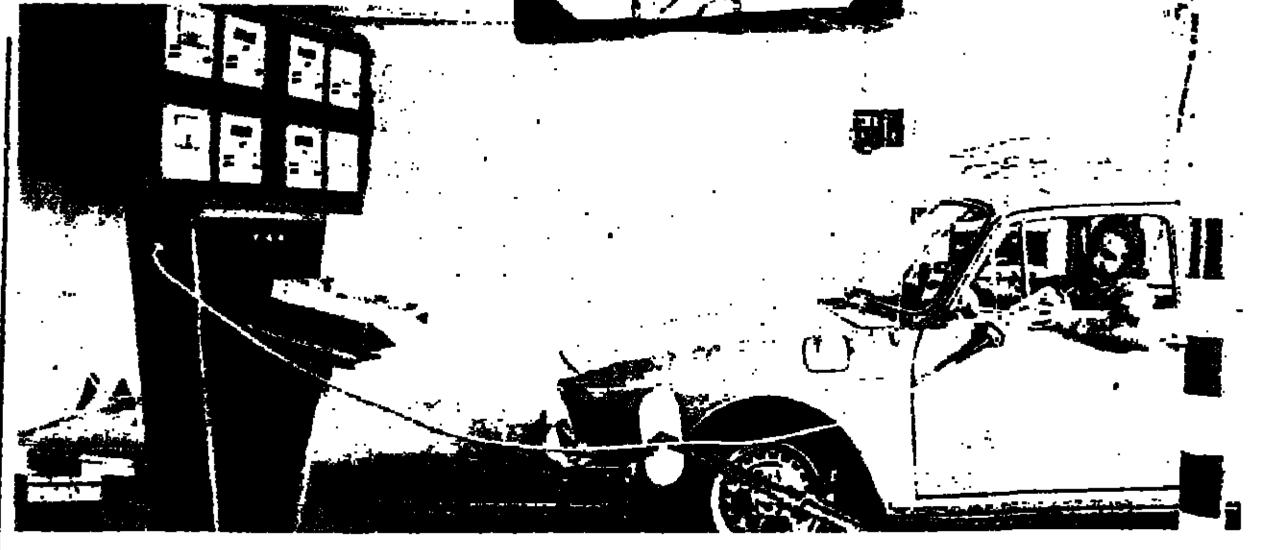
What truckers call Big Rig Lingo is a world of jargon incomprehensible to outsiders, vaguely resembling Cockney rhyming slang. "Keep your nose between the ditches and Smokey out of your britches," is a frequent salute. Translation: drive safely and watch for police speed traps.

It isn't illegal in the U.S. to warn of speed traps ahead. A highway patrol officer says that while the constant "Smokey reports" are annoying, he and his colleagues don't really mind their position being broadcast. "I think it actually increases our influence," he said.

CB has saved many lives because it dramatically reduces response time in an emergency.

Citizens Band radio was created in 1958 by the Federal Communications Commission to let farmers talk to workers in distant fields and to fulfil similar specialized communications needs. Nothing like today's boom was foreseen. And it's still growing. Marijuana smugglers use CB to avoid police roadblocks. Prostitutes have used it as an advertising medium.

The electronics industry is naturally delighted. Last year some four million sets were sold, generating retail sales of $1,000m., triple the amount of 1974. (Ofns)


It is hoped that this Israeli-made car-tester will be cheaper than those produced abroad.

New car-testing machine developed here

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — An original automobile performance-testing machine to simulate actual driving conditions and check most of the vital mechanical and electric systems of a car in a single operation, has been successfully developed by the Managing Director of Dynamometer, Mr. Yonah Ben-David.

A prototype (of the pre-production series) is now on its way to the "Automechanika" Fair, Europe's largest automobile-industry exhibition, which opens in Frankfurt on September 25.

The robot-tester can check a wide range of functions, in detail and with an accuracy of up to one-thousandth part. This includes measuring sideslip, and checking front-wheel alignment, horse-power output, gears and chassis.

The Ministry of Finance and Industry has invested IL160,000 in the project; construction of the prototype cost IL500,000. It is hoped to produce a series of machines which should bring down the cost and make them considerably cheaper than the testing machines now sold in Europe. "As far as we know, our model offers a wider range of functions than any now available," said Mr. Ben-David. He already has orders for three machines.

Charles L. Choguill discusses a technological breakthrough which may drastically reduce the noise level for people living near airports.

Taking the roar out of jet engines

LIFE NEAR AIRPORTS will soon be quieter. With the introduction of new aircraft and improvements in the approach and landing procedures of existing airplanes, the airport noise problem is well on its way to solution.

This was the optimistic view presented by aviation experts at the World Airports Conference just held in Britain. The meeting, attended by delegates from over 30 countries, probed in depth into the problems relating to the future of airports throughout the world.

The major basis for these views is the new generation of aircraft engines that have led to even greater improvements than were once thought possible. The RB 211, the Rolls Royce engine used to power such aircraft as the Lockheed Tristar, is 25 perceived noise decibels (PNdB) quieter than the Avon, which was that company's first commercial jet engine.

This, according to Dr. K.G. Wilkinson, former vice-chairman of Rolls Royce and now in charge of engineering at British Airways, represents "a reduction of almost six times on annoyance and 300 times on sound intensity."

The technological breakthrough that made such reductions in noise possible was the improvement of the so-called "high-by-pass" engine. By increasing the diameter of the engine itself, it was possible to augment the amount of air that by-passed the combustion chamber. This in turn resulted in lower exhaust velocities and consequently reduced the resulting jet roar.

Of course, this advance in technology has not been without cost. Rolls Royce spent so much money in their attempts to solve the noise problem that they avoided collapse only by being nationalized by the British Government. Yet, as such engines are fitted to new aircraft, the public will reap the dividends of these efforts.

THE BASIC airport-noise problem arises because many of today's commercial aerodromes were constructed in the pre-jet aviation period. In order to facilitate market development, they were located close to the urban areas that they served.

With the development of the first commercial jet engines in the late 1950s the full impact of their noise hit people living near airports. And since airports generate employment — Chicago's O'Hare Airport, for example, provides residents of that city with about one per cent of their income — constraints on residential development nearby was difficult to enforce.

The potential improvement that can be deprived from quieter aircraft was illustrated by Dr. Wilkinson. Noise surveys made at London's Heathrow Airport in the summer of 1975 revealed, that the greatest proportion of noise generated was by planes carrying 120 to 150 passengers, primary Tridents and Boeing 727s. The second noisiest group, measured in terms of numbers as well as noise, were those with 80 to 120 seats, including the BAC1-11 and the Caravelles. Relatively low on the list of noise-makers were the new wide-bodied jumbo jets, such as the Boeing 747.

The noisy aircraft are the oldest currently in use by the world's airlines. As they are retired from commercial service — an airplane's active life is about 12 years — the new generation of jets will have an immediate and positive effect on the environment near airports.

For example, the A300 Airbus, dubbed by many as the world's quietest jumbo jet, not only carries more passengers than the Trident — which it might eventually replace — but also makes about one-fourth as much noise on take off. The lightweight twin-engine VFW614 makes about one-third of the noise generated by the Caravelle.

WITH THESE new developments, by 1980 the smaller jets will contribute a far smaller proportion of noise at Heathrow. In terms of people, the improvement is even more notable. Whereas in 1974, over 2 million people experienced some annoyance due to the airport, by 1980, this number should decline to less than 400,000.

These improvements are not limited to Heathrow alone, but should affect airports throughout the world. (Gemini)

WALL STREET WEEK

Modest gains in a calm week

NEW YORK. — Even with a hurricane passing close by Wall Street, the stock market remained becalmed last week.

The Dow Jones average of 30 industrial stocks edged up 4.19 to 990.19, and most other market indicators posted modest gains. Standard and Poor's 500-stock index rose .46 to 104.25, and the New York Stock Exchange composite index of more than 1,500 common stocks was up .23 at 55.69.

The Dow faltered once again on the verge of the 1,444 mark — a level it has passed 10 times this year, only to drop back below it again each time, and Big Board volume averaged a humdrum 15.32 million shares a day, down from 16.50 million the week before.

The market week was shorted by an hour Monday afternoon, when several major exchanges closed early to allow people to head home and brace for Hurricane Belle.

On Tuesday, with the storm gone, stocks began to show a few signs of life. The Dow climbed nearly 10 points amid some hopeful talk that the government's figures on wholesale prices for July were going to provide some encouraging signs. But the rally, like all others before it in the past several weeks, quickly ran out of steam, and by Wednesday's close the Dow had fallen back more than 6 points.

When the wholesale price figures came in on Thursday — showing a modest .3 per cent rise in the government index — the market wasn't able to muster any response. Less favourable news seemed to produce the same who-cares effect. When the government reported on Friday that business inventories registered their sharpest rise in 18 months during July, the figures were interpreted as a sign that the pipelines of the economy might be beginning to back up because of the slowing of the economic recovery in general and consumer spending in particular. But after some early weakness, the market actually managed to post a small gain for the day.

During the weekend, brokers were looking ahead hopefully to the Republican convention in Kansas City, on the theory that once the Republicans had settled on a Presidential candidate the market might be able to break the logjam of the past six months.

Some individual stocks that managed to avoid the general malaise and signs of an improving picture in the property and casualty insurance busines attracted some buyers to issues like Aetna, Travellers and even Sears, which owns Allstate.

The weekly tally of NYSE-listed issues showed 956 gainers and 805 losers among the 2,058 traded, and new highs for the year numbered 160 against 36 new lows.

At the American Stock Exchange, the market value index moved up .39 to 103.80. The Associated Press 60-stock average gained .5 to 319.7. (AP)

MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

Today, Sunday, August 15, 1976,

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main items in the new tariff are given below:

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	IL.
estic Postal Services	
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"Nonstandard" letter	0.60
ost card	0.45
Registration fee	2.10
Express fee	5.25
Parcel, up to 3 kg.	7.50
Parcel sent to I.D.F. soldier, up to 3 kg.	3.40
estic Telegrams	
p to 10 words	8.50*
Each additional word	0.70*
Greetings telegram, standard wording	6.50*
er Telegram (L.T.)	
Up to 20 words	7.80*
Each additional 10 words or part thereof	2.20*

s VAT.

seas Postal Services	
urface Mail	
etter up to 20 g.	1.40
ost card	1.00
ail	
o Europe:	
tter up to 10 g.	1.80
ir letter (aerogram)	1.70
ost card	1.10
o North and Central America:	
tter up to 10 g.	2.70
ir letter (aerogram)	1.70
ost card	1.40
o South America:	
tter up to 10 g.	3.10
ir letter (aerogram)	1.70
ost card	1.40
seas Telegrams (rates include VAT)	
o Europe (excluding Cyprus):	
rst 7 words or part thereof	18.90
ach additional word	2.70
o U.S.A. and Canada:	
rst 7 words or part thereof	21.70
ach additional word	3.10

eases have also been made in the charges for other al services. Full details are available at all post offices.

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Philatelic Services

he following stamps are being withdrawn:

- Town Emblems, IL0.02, 0.80
- Hadassah Returns to Mt. Scopus, IL4.00
- Bezalel Academy 70th Anniversary, IL1.85
- Border Settlements, IL1.50
- Purim, IL0.40, 0.80, 1.60
- Memorial Day, IL1.85
- Lag-Ba'omer, IL1.30 (tabs and sheets no longer available)
- American Revolution Bicentennial, IL4.00

he above stamps will not be available ter Friday, August 27, 1976.

TRUTH — JUDGMENT — PEACE — ARE THE THEMES OF THE FORTHCOMING ISSUE OF THE 1976 "FESTIVAL STAMPS 5737". THE STAMPS DEPICT SYMBOLICAL DRAWINGS — THE TEN COMMANDMENTS, SCALES AND A DOVE WITH OLIVE BRANCH. THE DENOMINATIONS ARE IL 0.45, 1.50 AND 1.90; THE FIRST DAY COVER COSTS IL 3.10. TOGETHER WITH THIS SERIES WILL BE ISSUED AN ADDITIONAL STAMP OF THE DEFINITIVE SERIES "ISRAEL LANDSCAPES": THE STAMP SHOWS A VIEW OF ELAT AND IS OF THE DENOMINATION OF IL 10.00.
THE ABOVE MENTIONED STAMPS WILL BE ISSUED ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1976 AND WILL BE ON SALE AT POST OFFICES AND AT THE COUNTERS OF THE PHILATELIC SERVICES AS FOLLOWS:
JERUSALEM, TEL AVIV—YAFO, HAIFA, QIRYAT SHEMONA, NAHARIYA, AKKO, TIBERIAS, AFULA, NETANYA, REHOVOT, ASHQELON, BEERSHEBA, ELAT AND BEN GURION AIRPORT.

Ari Rath
Editor and
Managing Director

THE JERUSALEM POST

Erwin Frenkel
Editor

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SUNDAY, AUGUST 15, 1976 • VOL. XLVI, No. 13782

A PLANNING FIASCO

Despite its dire financial plight, this country has in recent years seen many white elephants on which many hard-earned millions of the *tax-payer's money were squandered.* The latest example is the central bus terminal in Tel Aviv, whose fate government ministers are now attempting to decide.

Yesterday the State Comptroller called attention to what is possibly the biggest and most damaging white elephant in the state's history — the sewage lagoons in the Rishon Lezion sand dunes that were to have solved the sewage disposal problems for a region inhabited by a third of the country's population.

What the sewage *lagoons* and the *bus terminal have in common,* apart from being essential to the improvement of the quality of life in the greater Tel Aviv area, is the fact that both are ambitious prestige projects. Both were heralded as the "biggest in the world." The bus terminal was to be the largest indoor structure of its type in the world, bigger even than New York City's Port Authority terminal, and the sewage lagoons, employing a new, experimental, little-tried system, were also to be the largest of their type in the world.

Already when the first drops of sewage began to trickle into the lagoons in 1970 they proved that theories may not always be practical on such a gigantic scale. Residents of Rishon Lezion and the Gan Raveh region moshavim reported attacks of nausea and headaches from the powerful stench spread by the sewage lagoons over a wide area. The Rishon Lezion Municipality was also not blameless and the Comptroller notes that its own sewage also constituted a health hazard. But the upshot of it all was that the experimental oxygenation scheme that was to treat sewage and re-cycle it into badly needed water had *not* worked.

The trouble is that it was all discovered 20 years of planning and many millions of pounds too late. The fact that the system had worked — on a smaller scale — in Melbourne, Australia could not salvage the lost time and investment here, nor even give ground for any optimism that the area's beaches will be fit for bathing in the foreseeable future.

Too late the planners came around to recognizing that if they had done the simple thing and constructed conventional sewage treatment plants of the sort that less ambitious planners are putting up all over the world, a basic ecological problem for the most densely-populated region in the country would have been long-solved.

Prestige projects and experimentation may be good for those who can afford them. *For a country faced* with as many problems as Israel and *for a country which does not pull its own* weight economically, such experiments are a luxury we can ill afford. A little less imagination and a bit more responsibility and modesty would have served us much better.

At present we are back to square one. The problem seems as far from solution as it did 20 years ago, only that its proportions have been greatly increased. Worse still, the resources for putting up the now admittedly indispensable con*ventional plant are nowhere in sight, while the problem is* of the sort which officials may be tempted to obfuscate as its urgency is not immediately apparent.

ISRAEL PRESS

Turkish airport men are praised

DAVAR (Histadrut), discussing the attach on the El Al plane at Istanbul, says: the Turkish airport police very effectively dealt with the terrorists. This follows the approach made by Israel's Transport Minister to his counterparts in six countries after the seizure of the Air France plane in Athens. However, *whatever new methods of* combating terrorism may be adopted, whatever cooperation there may be between intelligence and police services, they will not be sufficient as long as these states are not prepared to introduce tangible sanctions against Arab countries, such as Libya, that give vital aid to the terrorists. The western states, who dominate the international routes, are in a position to introduce such sanctions. Israel should take new initatives in the fight against terrorism and increase its alertness."

AL HAMISHMAR (Mapam) also praises the Turkish airport authorities for their alertness and the rapidity, courage and resourcefulness displayed by the security *forces* at the airport. "The terrorists aparently are set on carrying out a major attack, but since El Al aircraft are too well protected from within, they are concentrating on a raid from outside. It is thus up to airport authorities to ensure protection."

The paper points out that the terrorists boarded the plane in Rome with their suitcases filled with explosives, and says: "A heavy responsibility rests on the authorities *of international* airports."

HAARETZ (independent) notes that the attack proves again that all transit passengers are immune from checks, at Rome. "It is not surprising that the international terrorists have learned to take advantage of this fact ... The Italian Government cannot be freed of responsibility... surely, an examination of the baggage of transit passengers would be a small price to pay for human lives and safety."

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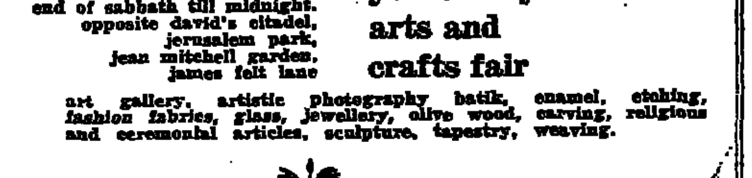

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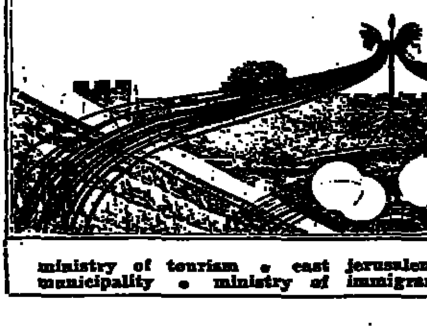

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No small *country* is likely to go after Olympic laurels with the Teutonic tenacity just evinced by East Germany. But Montreal has shown that if talent is recognized early enough a few winners can be developed by any nation, writes GEORGE LEONOF in the second of two articles on the Olympics.

Room at the top for the small country

A STARTLING LESSON of the Olympic Games was that a small country need not, as in Israel's case, be satisfied with placing athletes close to the medal winners. There were five countries with populations smaller than our own, Puerto Rico (pop. 2.7 million) and even Bermuda (60,000) each won a bronze, Mongolia (1.6 million) a silver, while Jamaica and Trinidad, each with less than 2 million to draw from, produced world-beaters Don Quarrie and Hasely Crawford.

These were countries in our league, none of them with a longstanding tradition in any branch of sport. If their performance does not provide sufficient proof of what dedication, expert coaching and good training facilities can produce, the by now banal example of East Germany does.

East German girl swimmers, who came away from the Munich Olympiad four years ago without a single gold medal, won 11 of the 13 up for grabs in Montreal, while their colleagues on track and field ran off with more golds than the U.S. and the Soviet Union combined.

The performance was little short of phenomenal, for never in Olympic history did a country of only 12 million people venture to compete with the giants practically across the board. Obviously there is more to the German success than the weightlifting included in their girl swimmers' training programme, which led to some smirks about muscular mermaids.

Reference to disguised professionalism and state-supported amateurism are totally irrelevant. Wimbledon *long* ago *stopped* distinguishing between amateurs and professionals. And even before the Communist bloc states joined the Olympics there were perennial rumblings in Europe about the college scholarships and other facilities provided in America.

IF STATE support were the decisive factor, surely the Russians would have done as well as the East Germans. At least as decisive are expert coaching and the dedication of the athletes themselves. But this alone won't do the trick either. Since their *return to Israel, Rami Miron and* Edward Weitz, both immigrants from the Soviet Union, have been unsparing in their criticism of training methods and facilities here.

No country in the West the *size of* Israel — or of East Germany, for that matter — is likely to go after Olympic laurels with similar Teutonic tenacity and on a comparable scope. But Montreal has shown that *if* promising talent *is* recognized at an early stage, special efforts can be made in one or two events to develop winners.

Israel's large sports organizations *have the means to provide promising* athletes with the proper facilities. What is urgently needed is a review of training methods and of the selection system. Even the U.S., which has virtually dominated the Olympics since their inception at the end of the 19th century, recognizes the need for change in these areas. U.S. Olympic coach Dr. Leroy Walker insists that the present system of *selection by holding pre-Olympic* trials shortly before the Games is haphazard and obsolete. He wants the national team named three years before the event so that the athletes may undergo a centralized, concerted training programme.

Systems of selection and the avoidance of haphazard methods should be of particular interest to Israel.

On the basis *of performance,* it was clear that Weitz and Melnik, together with Esther Roth, were our best hopes in Montreal. Esther and her trainer-husband Peter were able to put in some training in Europe before the Games; but the only others who got in any pre-Olympic training were the swimmers Dov Nissman and Ady Parag, who did a stint *in* California.

Israel's sporting organizations come nowhere near extending to our athletes all the advantages permitted by the Olympic Charter in its rules on amateurism, which are broad enough to accommodate *anything the Russians and East Germans* may offer.

Tens of thousands of Israelis glued to television screens into the early hours of the morning testified to our interest in the Games and our pride *in our athletes* and the *flag* they carried. It is now up to the sports organizations to do their part.

ENCOUNTER
July 1976 Issue
The Drum — Gunter Grass
The Road to Repression and Control — E.J. Mishan
Lisbon Dictator — Anthony Rhodes
Special Book Number:
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Tackling the M.E. problem on campus

Are the teachers of Middle East affairs on American campuses biased either for or against Israel? The number of centres for Middle East studies has grown considerably in recent years, and BARRY RUBIN discusses how they are run, and by whom.

BETHESDA, MARYLAND. — THERE IS SAID to be in America a creature known as an "Arabist" who dwells on campuses, teaches about the Middle East, and uses every opportunity to put forward an anti-*Israel* perspective. Since the courses given by this creature are attended by future key personnel for business, education, and government (including the State Department), the allegation is worthy of investigation.

Responses are often sharply conflicting even on the simplest issues — whether anti- (or pro-) Israel bias exists, whether interest in the Middle East on campuses is growing, whether money is coming from the Arab world, and whether there is ever prejudice against Jewish or pro-Israel students and professors.

After World War II, the U.S. government began to encourage the growth of "area studies" programmes. The number of centres for Middle East studies grew from Zero in 1947 to 36 in 1970, and to 47 by 1973.

All this has much to do with the 1967 and 1973 Arab-Israeli wars, the oil embargo and energy crisis, and the vast expansion of U.S. trade with the Middle East. Several professors *also note increased interest in* Middle East courses among Jewish students.

On the other hand, the Middle East Studies Association is reportedly short of funds, foundations have cut back donations on Middle East studies, and jobs for prospective teachers are in short supply. One professor describes the situation as "gloomy compared to a decade ago."

Arab oil-producing countries have not accorded contributions to campus Middle East programmes a high priority. They are understandably more interested in supporting engineering and business management studies, which will promote economic development at home. Still, university administrators, searching for new funding sources, have inundated Arab capitals with proposals.

Georgetown's attempt to raise $6.1 million for its Centre for Contemporary Arab Studies, has so far brought in only $200,000 from Oman and the *United Arab Emirates and a* much smaller amount from Egypt. Attached strings have sometimes been discouraging. Five Midwest universities pulled out of a programme with the University of Riyadh when Saudi Arabia refused a visa to a Jewish professor involved.

Another feature of new-found oil wealth is the sharp increase in the number of Arab and Iranian students on U.S. campuses. Of 80,000 foreign students here last year, about 35,000 are from the Middle East, a 60 per cent increase over the year before. The most serious students concentrate in engineering and science, and only a negligible proportion are politically active. There also seems to have been a rapid growth in the number of Arab professors in various departments, although estimates vary widely. There are *only* a small number of Israel students and teachers.

No study has been made of what *American Middle East specialists* think about the Arab-Israeli conflict. One view is that there is "not very much bias either way." Unquestionably, objectivity is highly stressed in graduate training and in professional ethics. Most professors take this responsibility very seriously. Thus, although they are "more favourable to the Arab world than general American opinion," Middle East *faculty* members are careful to be balanced.

STILL, other experts say, many Arabists are strongly attracted by Arab culture and society and have spent much time in those countries. One comments, "Most Middle East departments are headed and staffed in the main by these people; a kind of biased 'objectivity' seems to prevail." In other words, *there is an* anti-Israel tilt.

The truth lies somewhere in between, varying greatly from one campus to another. Openly anti-Israel teachers are a small minority. There are also countervailing forces, including fear of being accused of anti-Semitism. Many lecturers seem to approach the whole question of Israel with real nervousness and special care.

The field of Middle East studies has some special attractions for *Jewish scholars. Anti-Jewish* discrimination in hiring seems rare and is difficult to document. Although two of the most prestigious departments — at Columbia University and the University of Chicago — are headed by Jews, some institutions prefer not to appoint either a Jew or an Arab as department head. There are, of course, problems for Jews seeking to do field research in certain countries although Israeli Arabists have maintained high reputations without such opportunities.

Graduate students occasionally have difficulties, and there is some extra pressure *to prove one's objec*tivity. One, complaining about an anti-Israel bias in a course, was told, "If you want to stay in the field you'll have to go get used to it." Despite the turmoil of the 1960s, however, the campus maintains much of its immunity to outside conflicts. Many Arabs and Jews work together as students and teachers with mutual respect and in perfect harmony.

It also seems fair to state, though, that as a group pro-Israel lecturers are more balanced in their presentations than their pro-Arab counterparts. In a Western university, *a notoriously pro*-Arab lecturer uses slanted readings in a course on the Arab-Israeli conflict, including a tape from an Arab organization purporting to be by nuns talking about rapes and other atrocities committed by Israelis in Nablus in 1967. There were 40 students in the class,
many of them Jewish, but the
were generally passive — even
the teacher called for "rema
Israel into a "secular, demo
state."

On the other hand, a
professor at a larger, eastern
teaches a similar course —
has grown from 25 to 300
over the last decade. Each sem
guest speakers present both

Jewish students, unfortu
often know little about I
history and politics. They th
no way to refute arguments
by emotional responses abo
persecution and the Holocau

As the study of the Middl
spreads into high schools, a
group within the Middle East
Association has prepared a re
"The Image of the Middle
Secondary School Textbooks.

The report objects that Is
sometimes used "as the ya
for democracy in some texts
"of course says nothing ab
perceptions of Israel's Arab
concerning democratic fre
which differ somewhat from
her Jewish citizens."

"Textbooks seldom presen
partial view of the 1947-4
Zionist controversy which
in the establishment of Israe
tinues the report. While some
criticisms have merit, the pr
remedies are not encouragi

One of the report's main su
readings on the Zionist
Aharon Cohen's "Israel
Arab World," a book which
much of value but which is
most part, a strong leftist (
critique of Zionist and Isra
policy. This technique of
Jewish-written critical
"balance off" an uncritical
book is often used by teach

Other quotes in the repor
maximize the view of Arab
tion. A chronological sectio
the 1967 Khartoum confere
demonstrated "defiance
Israel and the U.S." It does
tion the "no recognit
negotiations, no peace"
adopted there. The discuss
1973 war lays the repo
almost completely on Israe

Whether or not Midd
studies flourish in the nea
they will certainly play an i
role in shaping the v
Americans in their perce
the region and of Israel.

The writer is a doctoral ca
Middle East history, and a
specializing in international aff

READERS' LETTERS

THE CASE FOR NUCLEAR ENERGY

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Arthur Super's article of August 3 opposing nuclear energy is based on inadequate research and constitutes a biased appeal to emotions and fears.

In the U.S., nuclear energy has been utilized for 20 years and now supplies 8-9 per cent of that country's electricity. In these 20 years, not one person has been killed or injured at any power plant. Thus, if a person accepts the significant risks of crossing a street or driving a car, the risks of generating electricity by nuclear plants are an infinitesimal addition.

Mr. Super quotes Professor Gofman's view that three tablespoons of plutonium can cause cancers in half a billion people. Gofman's views, not experimental evidence, receive little credence within the world's scientific community. Consider the above *claim against the world's population* growth despite the discharge into the atmosphere of 10,000 pounds of plutonium during the testing of nuclear weapons in the 1950s. Plutonium is a dangerous material. Like fire, it can be useful or harmful and it may be used to extend energy sources in breeder reactors.

Finally, Mr. Super feels Israel should forgo nuclear plants because *terrorists could create* an atom bomb from plutonium. Mr. Super omitted the fact that 41 nations, including Libya and Iran, are committed to nuclear power. Israel's abstention, therefore, would not effect the availability of plutonium to terrorists. Moreover, realistically, terrorists would steal an already constructed bomb.

In summary, all forms of elec*trical generation that the world has* possess drawbacks — pollution, insufficient reserves, reliance upon hostile nations, etc. Nuclear power has drawbacks as well. But on balance, it is cleaner, safer, more economic and more ecologic than other commercial methods. For these reasons, Israel should exploit nuclear power like the rest of the world.

BERNARD RUBIN
Tel Aviv (Palo Alto, California).

PENFRIENDS

RICHARD LEVENE (21), of 124 Glenwood Gardens, Gants Hill, Ilford, Essex 1C2 6XX, England, would like to correspond with Israeli girls between the ages of 18 and 21. He is interested in the cinema, classical music and faraway places.

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THE KOREN BIBLE

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — We were gratified to read the item in Caleb's Column (August 6) concerning a *supposed reduction* in the price of the large-size "Koren Bible." To our regret, this is not the case; in fact we had no alternative but to raise the price of the Bible to IL330, following the enormous escalation in the costs of printing, paper, etc.

The special offer referred to by your columnist concerns a very limited quantity of slightly imperfect copies which have been offered to the public with our full knowledge and approval at the special price of IL200 each. These small printing imperfections are carefully brought to the attention of the prospective customer before he decides to purchase.

ELI KAHN
Koren Pulbishers Jerusalem
Jerusalem.

CAR INSURANCE

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — When no-fault motor vehicle insurance was introduced in Massachusetts a few years ago, the result was a substantial reduction in premiums. How typical that its introduction in Israel should be the excuse for a major increase in premiums. While it is true that some increase in compensation payments is to be expected, insurance companies can look forward to large savings in legal and administrative expenses. Sadly, it is absurd to expect these benefits to be passed on to the consumer, from a sector which, last year, made profits in excess of IL300,000,000.

AMIEL SCHOTZ
Beersheba.

ARMS SALES TO SAUDI ARABIA

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — *Referring to Mr. H. Goodman's* article of August 9 predicting "disastrous consequences for Israel" as a result of massive arms supplies to Saudi Arabia, may I point out that the most disastrous thing Israel could do would be to stand between an American businessman and his profits and between an American workingman and his wage packet.

Since the very *fact of the existence* of a well armed and uncompromising Israel induces more arms purchases by Israel's enemies, the United States have nowadays a sound commercial interest in Israel's strength and military reputation.

Instead of screaming against arms sales to Saudi Arabia, we ought to ask, quietly, for more and better toys *for ourselves. If possible, free of* charge!

V.N. MALINOV
Haifa.

DRINK MORE WATER

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I was impressed by the recent public service announcement on *television advising people to drink* more in hot weather. Since water fountains are hard to come by either in downtown Tel Aviv or Jerusalem, even in public buildings, what beverage are they promoting?

Why is it so hard to find drinking fountains in public places with plain old-fashioned water?

GILDA SHAVIN
Jerusalem.

NEW MUSI
DEPARTMEN

To the Editor of The Jerusa

Sir, — May I ask for the
of your columns to bring to t
of your readers the creatior
time ago, of a Music Depart
part of the Municipal Li
Jerusalem.

This department has com
istence, thanks to the ini
Mrs. Munk-Balan, a
Jerusalemite who has don
own collection, and admini
a voluntary basis. Her g
particularly gratifying bec
like Tel Aviv which ha
supplied Music Library, a
whose fine library is attac
Museum of Musical Inst
Jerusalem does not have a
tion of this kind.

Any contribution of mus
good condition to the Musi
ment (Municipal Libra
Ha'Am, Jerusalem) will
welcome.

SALOME B
Everyman's L
Jerusalem.

TOURIST SERV
GETTING BET

To the Editor of The Jerusa

Sir, — As frequent vi
Israel, my wife and I found
to be remarkably impresse
improved quality of tourist

Our El Al flight was on
hotel accommodations sup
ing for a most meaningful
sant stay this past July.

RABBI MENAHEM E
Kansas City, Mo.

DELEK

DELEK The Israel Fuel Corporation Ltd.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Results of the Offer contained in Prospectus dated 30.7.76. which includes, inter alia, the Offer of a Series of 20% registered, unlinked Debentures 1982-1988, in a total sum of IL12,000,000.- (Series 2) convertible into Class "C" IL1.- Registered Shares during the years 1977-1988 at a conversion rate of 170% (subject to Adjustments) together with Series No. 1 of Registered Deferred Capital Notes (Options) 1980, unlinked and bearing no interest, in a total nominal sum of IL2,000,000.- at a conversion rate of 170% (subject to Adjustment) and against payment of an additional conversion premium of IL120.- on each IL50.- nominal value of the Capital Notes, so converted.

The Debentures and Capital Notes were offered in 40,000 units — each consisting of one Debenture at a nominal value of IL300.- together with one Capital Note of a nominal value of IL50.-, at a price of IL350.- per Unit.

Out of the aforesaid Offer 24,000 units were offered to the public.

Until Wednesday, 11.8.1976, the closing date for Subscriptions, 22,185 applications were received from the Public, to acquire 424,583 units (and that, over and above the 16,000 units which were acquired by Institutional Investors prior subscriptions).

Having regard to the fact that the number of units requested by the Public exceeds the amount offered, the Company decided to allocate to the Public units as per the following index:

1) To the 6,019, Applicants whose applications were limited to 5 units each, no allocation will be made.
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3) To the 9,671 Applicants who requested more than 9 units but not more than 29 units each, 10% of their request will be allocated, but not less than 1 unit.
4) To the 3,867 Applicants who requested more than 29 units each, 2% of their request will be allocated but not less than 2 units.

The amounts of the allocated units will be rounded off to the nearest lower unit.

هكذا من الرحل